Cambria Freeman.

H. A. M'PIKE, Editor and Publisher. HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. Terms, $2 per year in advance.

VOLUME 4. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1870. NUMBER 4.

DENTISTRY!

DR. JOHN FRY,

Assisted by his Daughter,

Having permanently located in Johnstown, is prepared to answer all professional calls, and inserts ARTIFICIAL TEETH on genuine Rubber (Vulcanite) Base, or, if preferred, he will insert them on Gold (20 carats fine), or Silver (chemically pure)—both of his own preparing Platina, Aluminium, Palladium, Coralite and Adamantine. Also, the Porcelain teeth. Extracting, Filling and Cleaning of Teeth carefully performed, avoiding all unnecessary pain.

He would also call attention to his new made filling teeth with CRYSTAL GOLD, which is the best preparation ever introduced for filling teeth. He can restore a TOOTH TO ITS NATURAL color with this gold, and make the filling as solid as a piece of gold coin. Go and have your teeth examined every six months at least, and if there is any decay about them have them filled with Crystal Gold and you will never need artificial teeth. Artificial teeth are a good substitute, but they do not compare with the natural teeth when in a healthy state.

All work done in such manner as not to be excelled in Style, Beauty, Comfort, Lightness, &c., and warranted to give satisfaction to the wearer.

Examination of his work may be examined by all who desire to see them. The following speaks for itself:

TESTIMONIALS

We the undersigned, citizens of Latrobe and vicinity, Westmoreland county, Pa., cheerfully submit the following as expressive of our opinion of Dr. Fry's abilities as a Dentist:

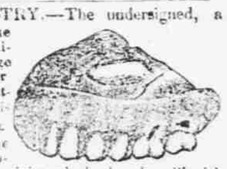
We regard Dr. Fry as naturally adapted to the profession of his choice. His mechanical ingenuity has furnished to his art many invaluable modifications and improvements, and we deem it due to him and the public at large to say that, from a long and intimate acquaintance, we can confidently recommend him to all who may feel interested, as an able, faithful and experienced workman.

Latrobe—Eli Ferguson, M. D., John McGee, M. D., Rev. Jerome Kearner, J. L. Cham[illegible], W. S. Heard, Joseph A. Head, Mich'l Bossert, David Williams.

Unity—L. T. Beam, M. D., Wm. Ashman, Jacob Eicher, N. M. Marker, Esq., Jacob Steiner, P. M., Joseph Scroggs, D. D.

Loughlinstown—Robert Louther, Esq., A. S. Armor, P. M.

Fairfield—Dr. James Taylor. [my 6-1y]



DENTISTRY.—The undersigned, a graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, which place he will visit the FOURTH MONDAY of each month, to remain one week.

Ebensburg, March 3. SAM'L BELFORD D. D. S.

DR. H. B. MILLER,

Altoona, Pa.,

Operative and Mechanical DENTIST.

Office removed to Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church. Persons from Cambria county or elsewhere who get work done by me to the amount of Ten Dollars and upwards, will have the railroad fare deducted from their bills. ALL WORK WARRANTED. [Jan. 21, 1869-tf.

DR. D. W. ZIEGLER, Surgeon Dentist, will visit Ebensburg professionally on the SECOND Monday of each month, and remain one week, during which time he may be found at the Mountain House.

☞ Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrate Oxide, or Laughing Gas.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., offers his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at his residence, one door south of A. Haug's tin and hardware store.

[May 9, 1867.

D. M'LAUGHLIN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession. Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street. Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867. tf

L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, Johnstown, over John Benton's Grocery Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

[illegible], - - - T. W. DICK,
Johnstown. Ebensburg.

KOPELIN & DICK, ATTORNEYS-AT-Law Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Wm. Kittell, Esq., Colonade Row. [oct 22-tf.

[illegible] GEO. W. OATMAN.

SHOEMAKER & OATMAN, ATTORNEYS AT Law, Ebensburg, Pa. Offices on High street, immediately east of Huntley's hardware store. [ap 8,'69.

JOHN FENLON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

W. H. SECHLER, ATTORNEY-AT-Law, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in rooms recently occupied by Geo. M. Reade Esq., in Colonade Row, Centre street. [aug.27

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in new building recently erected on Centre street, two doors from High street. [aug 27.

F. P. TIERNEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row. Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Linton's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867 tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street. Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

1870. WINTER. 1870.

I am now prepared to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

TO CASH PURCHASERS OF

TIN, SHEET-IRON & COPPER WARE

EITHER AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of

Tin, Sheet-Iron,

COPPER AND BRASS WARES,

ENAMELLED AND PLAIN

SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS &c.,

COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spratt's Antis-Dust

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES.

EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES

NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,

all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS

of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to

Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron.

at lowest *possible* rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.

Johnstown, March 7, 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

TO CASH BUYERS!

AT THE EBENSBURG

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Old Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞ *House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO HUNTLEY

Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE W. YEAGER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HEATING AND COOK STOVES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE

OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,

And GENERAL JOBBER in SPOUTING

and all other work in his line.

Virginia Street, near Caroline Street,

ALTOONA, PA.

The only dealer in the city having the right to sell the renowned "BARLEY SHEAF" COOK STOVE, the most perfect complete and satisfactory Stove ever introduced to the public.

STOCK IMMENSE. - PRICES LOW.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

GOOD, BETTER, BEST.—The best and cheap at Tobacco and Cigars in town are at M. L. Oatman's. Go and see.

1870. A NEW THING, A BIG THING. 1870.

And a GOOD THING in EBENSBURG.

ROYALTY SUPERCEDED!

The "House of Tudor" Surrendered

TO THE SMALL FRY!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

New Inducements!

{High Street!} {Low Prices!}

A. G. FRY

Has taken possession of the rooms on High Street, (three doors from Centre Street,) recently occupied by R. E. Tudor, into which he has just introduced a mammoth assortment of

DRY & DRESS GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, &c.,

consisting of everything and much more than any dealer in this "neck of timber" has ever pretended to keep, and every article of which will be

SOLD VERY CHEAP FOR CASH!

OR IN EXCHANGE FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

NO DEALER KEEPS BETTER GOODS!
NO DEALER KEEPS MORE GOODS!
NO DEALER SELLS CHEAPER!
NO DEALER SELLS MORE!

TRY FRY! TRY FRY!! TRY FRY!!!
Buy from Fry! Buy from Fry!!

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY

the finest Dress Goods at the fairest prices.

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY

Muslins, Checks, Ginghams, Tickings, Shirtings, Denims, Drills, Jeans, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Delaines, Lawns, Prints, &c., &c., and wish to get the full worth of your money.

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY

Boots and Shoes for Men's, Ladies' and Children's wear, unexcelled in quality and nowhere undersold in prices.

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY

Hardware, Queen-ware, Glass-ware, Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., of the handsomest styles at the lowest figures.

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY

Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Mess Pork, Fish, Salt Lard, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Soaps, Candles, Spices, or anything else in that line.

TRY FRY IF YOU WANT TO BUY

anything and everything worth buying, and be sure that at all times you will be supplied at the LOWEST CASH RATES.

Oh my! my eye! it is no lie
That at the Dry Goods Store and Grocery
Just opened by A. G. Fry,
On the street called High,
More for your money you can buy
Than from any one else, far or nigh.

I design to keep a full line of DRESS GOODS of the most desirable styles and textures, and as I am determined to sell as CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, I respectfully solicit a call from all the ladies, and especially from those who have been in the habit of visiting other places to make their purchases. Whatever you want to buy, be sure first to try the store of A. G. FRY.

Ebensburg, May 27, 1869.

M. L. OATMAN,

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

CONSISTING OF

Double Extra Family Flour,

GRAIN, FEED,

BACON, SALT, FISH,

FRESH VEGETABLES,

ALL KINDS OF FRUITS,

SUGARS, TEAS, COFFEES,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES, CHEESE, &c.

Also, a large stock of the

Best Brands of Cigars and Tobacco,

STORE ON HIGH STREET,

Four Doors East of Crawford's Hotel,

Ebensburg, Pa.

EBENSBURG

DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Essence Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c;

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c

☞ We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,

July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

The Poet's Department.

LINES ON A SKELETON.

Some forty years ago the following poem was published in the London Morning Chronicle. Every effort was vainly made to discover the author, even to the offering of a reward of fifty guineas. All that ever transpired was that the poem, in a plain clerkly hand, was found near a skeleton of remarkable symmetry of form in the Museum of the Royal College of Surgeons, Lincoln's Inn, London, and that the Curator of the Museum sent it to The Morning Chronicle:

Behold this ruin! 'twas a skull,
Once of the etherial spirit full;
This narrow cell was life's retreat—
This space was thought's mysterious seat.
What beauteous visions filled this spot!
What dreams of pleasure, long forgot!
Nor hope, nor joy, nor love, nor fear,
Have left one trace of record here.

Beneath this mouldering canopy
Once shone the bright and busy eye;
But start not at the dismal void;
If social love that eye employed—
If with no lawless fire it gleamed,
But through the dews of kindness beamed,
That eye shall be forever bright
When stars and sun are sunk in night.

Within this hollow cavern hung
The ready, swift and tuneful tongue;
If falsehood's honey it disdained,
And, when it could not praise, was chained;
If bold in virtue's cause it spoke,
Yet gentle concord never broke.
This silent tongue shall plead for thee
When time unveils eternity.

Say, did these fingers delve the mine?
Or with the envied rubies shine?
To hew the rock, or wear the gem,
Can little now avail to them.
But if the page of truth they sought,
Or comfort to the mourner brought,
These hands a richer meed shall claim
Than all that wait on wealth or fame.

Avails it whether bare or shod,
These feet the path of duty trod?
If from the bowers of ease they fled,
To seek affliction's humble shed;
If grandeur's guilty bride they spurned,
And home to virtue's cot returned,
These feet with angel's wings shall vie
And tread the palace of the sky.

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

A PINCH OF SNUFF.

BY AN OLD SETTLER.

On a dark night in the month of October, I left my place of business in the city of Rochester, and started to walk home. My house was about three miles away, and stood alone in a very desolate spot, the only approach to which was by a bleak and lonely road. Habit, however, had so effected me that I was never troubled in the slightest degree either by fear or suspicion. I generally traversed the lonely road without thinking of the length of the way or the gloom of the scenery.

On the night to which I allude I carried with me a bundle containing a considerable sum of money. It was this, perhaps, that made me somewhat nervous and cautious. For the first time in my life I began to be troubled with fears of robbery. I thought of the dangers of the way; of the winding road; of the rocks that favored concealment; or the thick shade of trees that invited ambush. Every story of robbery that I had ever heard now recurred to me, until at length the idea took complete possession of me. I could think of nothing else. In vain I tried to expel these thoughts from my mind; I could no more control them than the winds of heaven; so I now walked on, looking suspiciously at every rock, and transforming every bush into a lurking foot-pad. If it had been possible, I would have turned back, but this was not to be thought of for one moment. My family and friends were all at home, and as I was always punctual, and delay would cause immeasurable anxiety, my only course lay onward, and onward I felt I must go. So onward I went, bitterly lamenting my folly in not taking a carriage from the town, which would have taken me to my home so quickly and so easily, and spared me all my present anxiety.

Full of these thoughts, I arrived at a solitary house which stood about half-way on my journey. A glare of light streamed from the windows across the road, illuminating the scene. Just as I approached it, a dark figure dashed forward from behind the house through the light and into the gloom of the road, upon which it walked with great rapidity. I was startled at its suddenness. I caught a glimpse of the man's face as he stared at me, but could not distinguish his features. I only saw that he was a mulatto, but no more. His whole act showed that he had been waiting for me. But why should he wait for me at this particular place? Why dart forward and walk ahead of me? This was what troubled me.

All this time I was walking on. I tried to catch up with the man and pass him. It was impossible. I quickened my pace until it became almost a run; but the more I increased my speed, so did the man increase his. The result of this was to confirm my worst suspicions, and to prove most clearly that he had sinister designs upon me.

At length he came to the foot of a long hill. Up this the man went with unabated velocity; but here I paused and slackened my speed. At the top of the hill was the loneliest place on the whole road. Not a house was near it, except the ruins of an old block-house which was fast going to decay. If this man intended to attack me, here, I thought, would be the place. So the only thing for me to do was to prepare myself for the worst.

I was absolutely unarmed; not even so much as a penknife about me. I sought to find a stick, but could see nothing of the kind. I was forced to walk slowly. The result was that I regained my freshness, and drew near the summit of the hill as vigorous as when I left the city. My fear, which I felt at first, had given way to anger. I was enraged at myself, and furious at the man who thus ventured to assail an innocent traveler.

Full of these feelings, I gained the top of the hill. I was not mistaken. The form of the mulatto stood in the middle of the road immediately before me. I walked straight onward and came close up to him.

"Stop!" cried he.

"Who are you?" said I. "What do you want?"

"I want that money."

"What money."

"That money you're taking home."

"Away, you fool! Let me pass, or I'll blow your brains out!" I cried, putting my hand in my breast pocket.

"Pooh!" said the fellow, with a sneer; "you've got nothing. Out with your money now, or *I'll* blow *your* brains out!" And he leveled a pistol full at my face.

I gave an involuntary start.

"Quick!" he cried, with a deep oath. "I haven't time to talk! Quick, or you're a dead man!"

"Well, wait a minute, can't you?" said I, previshly. "I suppose I must give you what I have. It is not much."

"No humbug?" roared the fellow, with another oath. "I want that package of money that you're taking home. Don't try to humbug me with any of your beggarly pocket books."

All this time the pistol had been leveled at my head, and I had been collecting my thoughts. I was calm and cool.

"You want the package do you?" said I, moving slightly to one side.

"Yes," said he. "If I have to speak again, it will be through this pistol."

"Take it, then!" I cried; and I hurled the sharp stone with all my strength full against his head.

The man uttered a shriek; the pistol fell from his hand and exploded on the ground. The next moment he sprang upon me. He was a strong and vigorous man—a giant, in fact, in comparison with me. But I was nerved with the obstinate courage of despair. Life, friends, home—all were forgotten. I would have died a hundred deaths rather than yield.

"Your money!" he screamed, in a hoarse voice.

"Never!" I cried.

He wound his arms around me. We wrestled for a moment and then fell heavily, he uppermost. But his right hand was powerless, thanks to the blow I had given it, and he could only use his left. The struggle was terrible. Again and again I dashed the stone at his head, but at last the wretch caught it, and in the struggle it dropped away out of the reach of both of us. Then he fastened his fingers on my throat. I lay completely at his mercy, weak and utterly exhausted from the struggle.

"Give up that money!" said he, sternly. "I don't want to commit murder, but if I must I will. Give up the money, and I'll let you go."

In the last moment of despair, when the obstinate courage which had hitherto sustained me was fainting beside the reawakened desire for life, I was suddenly seized by an idea which proved my salvation.

"Wait, then" I said bitterly. And I put my hand in my pocket.

The man relaxed his hold on my throat. I drew forth my snuff box and opened it. The man bent forward eagerly.

"Take it!" I cried. And I dashed the contents of the box full in his eyes.

The shriek of mingled rage and pain which burst from him I shall never forget. He made a frantic dash at my throat, but I kept his hand away. Then the increasing agony overcame him. He started to his feet and ran wildly about, not knowing, in his pain and blindness where to fly. But a few minutes completed my victory. I caught him, and succeeded in binding his hands behind him with my cravat. Blind and groaning with pain, he could make but little resistance, so that I was able, by means of blows and threats, to make him my prisoner.

Scarcely had this been done than I heard the sound of footsteps. I called eagerly, and was answered by a familiar voice. It was my farm servant. He had come out in search of me, as I had been longer than my usual time. With the assistance of this man we dragged the robber to my house, where he lay in confinement until the following morning, when he was handed over to the authorities. In the course of his trial it turned out that he was a notorious burglar from New York, who had been visiting Rochester for a few weeks and exercising his calling. He was caught now, however, and ten years' sentence in prison gave him leisure to meditate upon the virtue of old scotch snuff.

Hood once said that there was a family living near him that had a mile of daughters. The name of the family was Furlong, and there were eight of them.

ABOUT GHOSTS.

We find the following interesting and instructive article in the Washington (D. C.) Saturday Evening Visitor, in relating to a subject which has always produced fear and alarm among the timid, ignorant, and superstitious, and does to this day:

We are sorry to think that the belief in this class of apparitions is still prevalent among our agricultural population, and yet lingers in the cities and towns. We are not disposed to enter largely into the subject at present, but avail ourselves of the opportunity which is afforded by a correspondent, of stating some considerations which tender to refer such appearances to the state of the ghost-seer's health or nerves. It may be stated generally, that it is not the young and vigorous who witness such appearances, but the old, and nervous, and the timid.

When the nerves are disordered, either naturally or otherwise, the patients become subject to delusions and false sights, which are as real to them as they appear perverse and ridiculous to others whose nerves are in perfect health. These patients are naturally very ready to swear to seeing a ghost, or spirit of living persons not present, because they do actually, in the day-dreaming of their mind's eye, see what they swear to. The nerves of ghost-seer's are slightly disordered from fears brought on by having heard so many stories about them when young, and from natural credulity and tendency to indulge in the marvellous. When the nerves are much diseased the delusions become more fixed and permanent, and the patient is then termed a lunatic.

A young clergyman, who was given to study, and who took but little exercise, was one morning visited by two friends. In the passage beyond them he saw another friend, and asked them why he did not come in along with them; and he saw that third friend so plainly that nothing would convince him to the contrary, though he immediately searched everywhere about the house, until he was told by that third friend afterward that he was at the time many miles off. The doctor told him that he must take more exercise, or his nerves would become disordered altogether.

Sometimes these delusions are brought on by bodily diseases, and when the patient's body is recovering, the nerves recover likewise. The following story is a remarkable instance of it:—"A lawyer in Edinburg was very ill with a fever, but nobody slept or sat up in the room with him, his nurse being in a room below. Being winter time he had a fire in the room, and one night he saw sitting in the easy chair a young lady he had been formerly acquainted with, but who had been dead two years. He saw her so plainly, and the glare from the fire played and flashed on her in such strong light and shade just the same as if she was actually there, that he wrapped on the floor with the end of his stick to fetch the nurse up; but she could see nobody in the chair, nor was there any impression on the cushion since she placed it there. Every night for three weeks this vision was repeated distinctly; he then began to mend rapidly, and as he mended, though the vision was still repeated, it grew fainter and fainter every night, and after his health was restored never appeared again. A lawyer, being in the habit or reasoning and arguing and sifting the truth, could, on mentioning such a circumstance to his doctor, become at once convinced that the young lady was no actual vision or ghost, but a consequence merely of the nerves being diseased as well as the body. An ignorant person would never have been convinced but that the vision was real and not imaginary."

Sir Walter Scott says, in his work on "Demonology," that "The remarkable circumstance of Thomas, the second Lord Lyttleton, prophecying his own death within a few minutes, upon the information of an apparition, has always been quoted as a true story. But of late it has been said and published that the unfortunate nobleman had previously determined to take poison, and of course had it in his own power to insure the fulfillment of the prediction. It was no doubt singular that a man who meditated his exit from the world should have chosen to play such a trick on his friends. But it is still more credible that a whimsical man should do so wild a thing, than that a messenger should be sent from the dead to tell a libertine at what precious hour he should expire.

The most primitive post-office in the world is to be found on the southern extremity of America. For some years past a barrel has been fastened by an iron chain to the outermost rock of the mountains overhanging the Straits of Magellan, opposite Terra del Fuego. It is opened by every ship which passes through the Straits, either to place letters in it or to take letters from it. This post-office, therefore, takes care of itself, and there is no example of any breach of trust having occurred. Each ship undertakes the voluntary transmission of the contents of the barrel, if their destination is within the limits of its voyage.

A song that is just now very popular in London has the following chorus:

I saw Esau kissing Kate,
And the fact is we all three saw,
For I saw Esau, he saw me,
And she saw I saw Esau.

One of Nature's Noblemen.

My thoughts were far away from noblemen of any kind as I stood among a throng of others in one of the elegant dry goods establishments, situated on the fashionable promenade of our thriving metropolis.

I was one of the many who lined the polished counters, looked with admiring eyes on the fabrics so temptingly displayed. The half-hour's absence of the obliging clerk, who would find the style required only in a distant part of the house, allowed me to be entertained with watching the stream of fair ones coming and departing.

And while I was waiting and making mental criticism to abuse myself, an incident occurred a little out of the common observation of shop visitors.

A slight, small woman, pale, sad-eyed, and wearing faded black, came in with a new influx of visitors, walking timidly, and casting a half-frightened glance at the piles of pretty stuffs.

A bright, new material on the counter near where I stood caught her eye; she tremblingly inquired the price; when she was told, my sharp eye saw a bill twisted in the quivering fingers with a perplexed, troubled air, and my ears heard her murmer—

"Annie will need ten yards."

"Will you take it?"

She lifted her pale, meek face, and answered—

"I cannot; I did not think it would be so much."

She was turning away, when a gentleman who like myself, had been looking and listening, drew near, and asked of the clerk:

"What does that lady want? I will wait upon her—you attend to the customers below."

The respectful manner in which he was obeyed made me at once aware that he was the proprietor, and I was a little surprised at what followed.

"How many yards did you want, Madam?"

"I cant take it, sir."

"I am not talking about that," with a smile; "just answer my question."

He cut off more than she falteringly mentioned; and while he was packing it, she found voice to tell him that ill-health had forced her to relinquish the work with which she had obtained support for herself and her fatherless children. But the eldest girl, barely seventeen, was going to teach in a week and she needed a dress to make her presentable.

He made no reply, taking in silence the little bill she offered—the very last of a small hoard—and from his own portmonaie added a greenback, the amount of which I could not see, slipped both between the cord which bound the parcel, and handed the parcel to her with—

"There, tell your daughter a stranger wishes her success."

He walked hastily away to avoid her tearful thanks, and the little woman looked as she turned to depart, like one in a dream.

It was a simple act, unobtrusively, quietly done; and not a week before, the same gentleman had been pronounced uncharitable, because his name would not be put down to swell the list for aid toward some missionery scheme.

MARVELS OF MEMORY.—Some examples of the marvels of memory would seem entirely incredible had they not been given us upon the highest authority. Cyrus knew the name of every soldier in his army. It is also related of Themistocles that he could call by name every citizen of Athens, although the number amounted to twenty thousand. Mithridates, king of Pontus, knew all the eight thousand soldiers by their right names. Scipio knew all the inhabitants of Rome. Seneca complained of old age because he could not, as formerly, repeat two thousand names in the order in which they were read to him; and he stated that on one occasion, when at his studies, two hundred unconnected verses having been recited by the different pupils of his preceptor, he repeated them in reversed order, proceeding from the last to the first. Lord Granville could repeat from beginning to end, the New Testament in the original Greek. Cook, the tragedian, is said to have committed to memory all the contents of a large daily newspaper. Racine could recite all the tragedies of Euripides.

THE OLD FASHIONED MOTHER.—One in all the world, the law of whose law is love; one who is the divinity of our infancy, and the sacred presence in the shrine of our first earthly idolatry; one whose heart is far below the frosts that gather so thickly on her brow; one to whom we never grow old, but in the plumed troupe or in the grave council are children still; one who welcomed us going, and never forgot us—never. And when in some closet, some drawer, some corner, she finds a garment or toy that once was ours, how does she weep as she thinks we may be suffering or sad? Does the battle of life drive the wanderer to the old homestead at last? Her hand is upon his shoulder, her dim and faded eyes are kindled with something of the light of other days, as she gazes upon his worn and troubled face. "Be of stout heart, my son! No harm can reach you here." But some time that arm-chair is set back against the wall, the corner is vacant, and they seek the dear old occupant in the graveyard.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY MORNING, : FEB. 17, 1870.

A Righteous Veto.

The Philadelphia or Metropolitan Police bill has been vetoed by the Governor, whereat there is weeping, wailing and gnashing of teeth by the radical organs of the legislative ring. Some of the radical members of the House from Philadelphia have even gone so far as to insinuate that Geary was influenced by corrupt motives. The veto is a creditable paper and takes high democratic ground. The Police bill was a huge job and originated with the notorious William B. Mann and others of his well known stripe. It was not asked for by the people of Philadelphia, but was passed against their earnest and vehement protest. That the veto is right, is conclusively shown by the fact that all the papers of that city, with the solitary exception of Forney's *Press*, eulogize and sustain it. In this instance, at least, we are well convinced that Governor Geary did a righteous act, and that the people who were to be affected by the proposed law will sustain him in relieving them from its partisan and unjust provisions.

That Same Old Coon.

Following close in the wake of the defeat of the bill conferring general jurisdiction on the "District Court" at Johnstown, we are now, as we predicted, made acquainted with its handmaid, in the alluring shape of a bill which was introduced in the House, a few days ago, by our member, Mr. Porter, providing for the removal of the county seat from the obscure village of Ebensburg to the imperial city of Johnstown. These twin sisters are destined to be inseparable companions, and as they have thus far been lovely in their lives, so in their legislative deaths they ought not to be separated. This precocious bantling, ushered into a premature existence by a select few in Johnstown, was ruthlessly slaughtered at the last session by the committee who had it in charge. Nor does it require much of a prophet to predict that its present counterpart will meet with the same summary and merited fate, unless all reason and common sense have fled the halls of legislation. Who will write the epitaph on this second creation of the original, ever active, and busy intellect of Johnstown?

The New Jail Again.

We cannot be driven into a protracted and perhaps an angry controversy with the Johnstown *Tribune* in reference to the erection of the new county jail. No substantial good would result from such a discussion, for the very plain reason that neither the opinions or prejudices of the editor of that paper, nor our own, can either retard the completion of the proposed prison on the one hand, or hasten it on the other. In our article last week we correctly stated the action of the Grand Jury, the Court and the County Commissioners in the premises, and having done so, for the information of the people of the county, our duty was discharged. We stated nothing that was not warranted by the facts, and are perfectly willing that the people shall form their own calm and unbiassed conclusions. In the reply of the editor of the *Tribune* to our statements, given in his last issue, there is nothing whatever original or new. It is merely a rehash, but in a somewhat more elaborate form, of the substance of his first onslaught, and does not change the main question.—His two articles illustrate the Irishman's difference between "Come out here, M'Cartney!" and "M'Cartney, come out here!"—If we were to enter a formal denial of his charges, he would simply repeat them next week, for he again asserts that the lot on which the jail will be built is "*in a low swamp*," with the additional falsehood, that it is "*about a quarter of a mile from the Court House.*" We disproved the "*swamp*" charge last week, and our reply now to the other is, that the *imaginary* swamp is precisely *two* squares from the present Court House.

We treat with contempt his aspersions and inuendoes against certain citizens of this place, for the reason that they are unfounded, and therefore no defence is needed. The editor's device of publishing a letter purporting to be from Ebensburg, and pretending to reveal what terrible schemes were concocted at a "conference" in this place which was never held, is very transparent. It is an old trick and is sometimes resorted to, as in this instance, to bolster up a weak cause. Every line of that letter bears the evidence of its Johnstown ear-mark. Its author complains, *in italics*, that *Collins "was there"*—meaning in Harrisburg. Had not Philip Collins, "under the constitution and the laws," precisely the same right to be "*there*" that Charley Ellis, with his inevitable *snuff box*, had? The same letter informs the public that "they" (the aiders and abettors of the County Commissioners) "are very much afraid of a bill in equity to restrain the Commissioners and contractor from proceeding any further." This is a threat full of terrible import, and we trust that all the weapons in the legal armory of Johnstown will be brightly burnished by the "ides of March," that the performance will certainly come off, and that no postponement will take place on account of the weather.

We can only account for these recent outbursts of the *Tribune*, from the fact of the defeat of the bill giving general jurisdiction to the "District Court." If the arguments of the gentlemen from Ebensburg were so clear and indisputable that they produced conviction on the mind of the committee, what had the County Commissioners to do with that decision, and what connection has it with the erection of the new jail? Why did not the editor aim his shafts at the committee itself that struck the fatal blow, instead of pouring out the vials of its wrath upon the heads of the mere spectators of the unequal contest?

It would seem also, from a communication in the *Tribune*, that there is a divided sentiment on this "District Court" question, even in Johnstown, and that there are such characters in that community as "Mr. Bothsides, Captain Doubleface, and the honorable gentlemen astride of the fence." We advise the editor to settle this "little onpleasantness" in his own household, and compel these malcontents "to put on the unform and keep step in the ranks," before he carries the war any further into Africa.

COVODE.

We have heretofore stated that the Committee on Elections in the national House of Representatives had reported in favor of John Covode and of course against Henry D. Foster. The infamy was consummated on the 9th instant by awarding the seat to the "*Alligator*" by a strict party vote. That this is an outrage, flagrant and palpable, is not seriously questioned. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* of the 10th contains the following Washington dispatch in reference to the case:

"Mr. Foster failed to put in his appearance to-day and although Mr. Randall tried very hard to cover up his retreat and make a show of defense, in order to hold the Democratic vote solid, he was seconded by Messrs. Burr and Stiles, but they evaded the direct issues which Mr. Churchill had put so clearly before the House, and merely tried to befog the case.

"It was a source of regret to Mr. Covode that Foster would not face the music and put in an appearance, as he desired to ask him some question."

The name of the man who sent this dispatch is *Painter*, and his residence is West Chester. He is a hanger-on about the Congressional purlieus, and has acquired some notoriety from having traveled with John Covode whenever that *distinguished* gentleman intended making a speech and putting it in good English. This man Painter has deliberately *lied* more than twenty times about this whole case. Of course he has been well paid for his subserviency by his patron, John Covode.

It was as easy as it was outrageous for this Committee to make a report that Covode was elected. The operation was as simple as it was new and unparallelled. In Dunbar township, Fayette county, Gen. Foster had a majority of 198, and in the Youngstown district, in Westmoreland county, he had a majority of 170, making his majority in the two Election districts named, 368. But all this would not do, and to *simplify* the matter the Committee *threw out* the *entire vote* of these two strong democratic districts, and declared Covode elected. When the report was made, Gen. Paine, of Wisconsin, asked to be excused from acting as *Chairman* of the Committee, he having become perfectly disgusted with its operations. This is a gross case, and one that will be long remembered.

We heartily endorse the proposition of the Indiana *Democrat*, that Henry D. Foster shall be *unanimously* nominated as the next democratic candidate for Congress, from that district, and dare John Covode and his supporters to the encounter. We will then see, whether the people of his district will not declare him to be the greatest political fraud and humbug in this or any other State.

Some Startling Figures.

One of the very ablest speeches delivered during the present session of Congress, was made on the 28th of January, by that orthodox and accomplished democrat, the Hon. W. Voorhees of Indiana. Three years ago he was the victim of the political wrath of the Committee on Elections, aided and controlled by the potent voice of Thaddeus Stevens, and through their combined influence was ejected from his seat in the House of Representatives, to which he had been fairly and honestly elected. His warm-hearted and generous constituents renominated him last summer and returned him to his seat, from which he had been unjustly expelled, by a triumphant majority. By common consent, Mr. Voorhees is admitted to be the most eloquent man, of either party, in Congress. His speech was mainly confined to the public debt and finances of the country. The following imperfect synopsis of the most important portion of it will command general attention:

"He had made his calculations—made them safely. He had underestimated the wrongs of the people, and the enormous advantages of the bondholders, rather than overestimate them. In 1862 there were issued bonds to the amount of $10 982 452 at 6 per cent. The average price of gold was then 138½ in currency. At that rate the purchasers of the first issue, over $60 000,000, paid for those bonds $44 030,649 in gold. If these bonds were to be paid in gold, the holders would receive $16 951,807 more than they paid to the government. This was a bonus or gift. On this bonus, interest to the amount of $6 102 654 was already paid, and the interest yet to accrue on it would reach the sum of $14,239 526. The account therefore for 1862 stood as follows: Amount of bonds sold, $60 982 450; amount paid for them $44,030,649; amount of bonus $16 851 801; interest already paid on bonus $6 102 654; interest yet to be paid on bonus $14 230 539; amount of bonus and interest thereon $37,293 981. Thus it would be seen that on an investigation of little over forty-four millions traffic in national bonds had obtained securities for over thirty-seven millions, not one dollar of which had left their coffers or ever found its way to the vaults of the treasury. The same system of calculation on the bonds of the issue of 1863, $160,987 550, with gold averaging 158, showed that the bond holders had paid only $101,890,854, and the bonus and interest on the bonus amounted to $130,037 860 on the transactions for that year. The result for 1864, when gold averaged 201, was as follows; amount of bonds issued, $381 292,250; amount paid for them, $189,697,636; amount of bonus, $191 594 614; interest already paid on bonus, $45 982 708; interest to be paid on bonus, $188 930,832, amount of bonus and interest on bonus, 421,508,154. A like calculation for 1865, with the average price of gold at 143, showed an issue of $279,746,150; bonus and interest thereon for the amount of $1,577,870,540. Result of 1865, on an issue of $124 914,400, with gold at 441, was a bonus and interest thereon of $70 907,789. Result of 1867, on an issue of $26 469 550, with gold at 138, was a bonus and interest thereon of $26,158 907. Result for 1868, on an issue of $425, 443,866, with gold at 136, was a bonus and interest thereon of $247,755,457. Like calculation on 5 per cent. bonds, $195,189,550, showed the result of a bonus and interest thereon of $216,546 594. The amount of bonus and interest on the whole bonded debt, he showed, by this calculation, to reach the stupendous total of $1,550,558,956. The total amount paid to the Government for the whole bonded debt was $1,381,424 237. Who had ever known a parallel to this in the history of constitutional governments? To sustain all this injustice, the people were taxed as no people ever were before. Am't. of Federal taxation was $366 923 402; amt. of State and Local taxation $250 000 000; total amounting to $616,923,402. There was no language within the scope of human tongue could exaggerate the overwhelming significance of these figures. In the face of all this, how should he characterize that policy which made free from all tax more than one tenth of the property of the United States? It presented a sinister and shocking aspect. To tax-payers it stood revealed as a doleful monster. The sight of it extorted a desperate cry for relief. It could not, it would not be borne. But should they therefore attempt to build a city of refuge from this distress on the shifting quicksands of repudiation? Weighty wrongs and a galling sense of extreme injustice had driven many honest minds to embrace that fearful doctrine, and many more might yet follow with the same disastrous tendency. The issue was in the hands of the party in power. He himself was not for repudiation. He saw in it neither safety or honor. If repudiation should hereafter come to dishonor the American name at home and abroad, it would become a dominant party persistently enabled the creditor class, a bond holding monopoly, to violate their part of the contract, to plunder the people to an unbearable extent. The doctrine on which he placed himself with an absolute faith in the liabilities was that embodied in the noble and upright resolution of the recent Democratic Convention of Indiana, that the debt should be paid in strict compliance with the contract, the 5-20 bonds being payable in greenbacks. The law which authorized the issue of national currency said in very plain, simple words: It "is legal-tender for all debts public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt." Therefore, if the people owed anything else but duties on imports and interest on the public debt, greenback currency was legal-tender for its payment. That rose at once by the bare statement to full force of demonstration."

If there is any republican in this country, *green* enough to believe, or even hope, that the radical party can, under the present differences of opinion in that organization ever bring about a speedy resumption of specie payment, a consummation so devoutly wished for and so imperatively demanded by the best interests of the country, we commend him, in a spirit of charity and hopefulness, to the following extract from a speech, recently delivered in the Senate of the United States, by Mr. Howe, Wisconsin, one of the ablest and most "*loyal*" members of that body:

"I have listened to this debate more closely than I ever listened to one, I believe, in my life; and I am obliged to confess that I am a little bewildered by it. It has exhibited to me some peculiarities that I have never discovered before. I never knew a case in my life where the doctors all seemed so unanimously agreed as to the disease as they do in reference to this matter. I never saw a case or knew of one where the doctors seemed so unanimously agreed not to effect a cure as they do in this matter. I never knew a case where they were so unanimously agreed that the disease ought to be alleviated as they are in this; and I never knew a case where they seemed so hopelessly, utterly divided as to the sort of palliatives that ought to be administered."

Our Harrisburg Letter.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 12, 1870

Dear Freeman—The exciting topic of conversation for the last few days has been the veto of the Metropolitan Police bill by his Excellency, the Governor. The Radicals feel very sore over the defeat of this measure. Mr. Davis, of Philadelphia is particularly wrathy, and takes occasion wherever opportunity offers to vent his spleen on the Governor. Mr. Bunn, also of Philadelphia, don't rest well since this pet scheme has been squelched, and takes occasion every now and then to reflect on the Governor, with such complimentary remarks as that "they can't get their bills—there is not money enough on that side of the House," &c. There has been another Police bill introduced in the Senate, but judging from the last message of the Governor, it will be doomed to go the way of its predecessor The course the Governor has taken in this matter meets the hearty approval of the law-abiding citizens of the entire commonwealth and they owe him a debt of gratitude that they will not soon be able to repay.

The following public or general bills have been disposed of by the House: A supplement to an act to exempt sewing machines belonging to seamstresses in this Commonwealth from leavy and sale and on execution or distress for rent; an act to prevent injury or destruction of baggage within the limits of the State of Pennsylvania; an act for the better confirmation of estate acquired under proceedings in partition; an act relative to Justices of the Peace, which permits the taking of an appeal any time before the court following, and requires the payment of the officer's costs at the time of making the appeal; a supplement to an act entitled an act in relation to persons imprisoned under sentence for offences against the laws of Pennsylvania, approved May 21, A. D. 1869; an act to authorize railroad companies to lease or become lessees, and to make contracts with other railroad corporations and parties. An act supplemental to an act establishing a district court in the borough of Johnstown, for the county of Cambria, approved the 31 day of April, A. D. 1869, has been reported with a negative recommendation. An act to remove the seat of Justice from Ebensburg to Johnstown, in Cambria county, was introduced in the House on Friday. H.

—The Aurora (Ill.) *Beacon* of the 26th ult. has an account of a remarkable journey undertaken by two women and five children. They passed through that city on the 28th, on their way to Kansas. They had walked from Philadelphia to Cincinnati, at which latter place the Mayor procured a pass for them to Chicago. From Chicago they walked to Aurora, where funds were raised to send them by rail to Quincy. One of the women, the mother of the children, was named Sarah Chaffee, and the other, a sister, Elizabeth Ray. Four of the children are girls, the other a boy, aged 10.

Exodus of the Carpet-Baggers.

However much we may be dissatisfied and chagrined at the useless distrust exhibited by Congress towards the people of Virginia in the manner of her restoration, yet we are exceedingly pleased with one thing which will result from it, viz: the exodus of the carpet baggers. They have infested this State since 1865, and soon, thank God, their carnival of pillage will be over. Restoration does this much good any how, and we rejoice over it. Carpet baggers are a race *sui generis*. Such people were never heard of before, they are the product of the war. Like carrion crows who scent the carcass of dead animals from afar, they come down here from the North to suck the last drop of blood from desolated old Virginia. Like leeches, they clutched at any place where a dollar might be made. They beat the devil himself in impudence, for no matter how unfit for it, they would seek and accept any office from that of Governor to Constable, provided it would pay. They have no sense of shame. They are extremely selfish, and care for nobody but their own precious selves. Gain was their supreme object, and gain they must have, honestly if they could, but gain any how. Verily on this green earth of ours, not often has such an animal as a carpet bagger been seen. They have rioted with the offices of the state, and held high carnival with the people's money. Some of them have been sent to the penitentiary and more of them ought to be there if they get their deserts. They have been a standing insult to the people of Virginia Is it surprising then that the people should hate and desert them, and their departure from the State will soon be taken? We think that the restoration of the state, *ipso facto*, vacates all the offices in which there are military appointed incumbents; if this be so let the Legislature, soon after it meets, declare them vacant and take the necessary steps at once to have them filled according to law. Then, if there be any gentleman, not carpet baggers, who are now incumbents (and we believe there are such) who desire to remain in Virginia and run for office, let them do so. If they have proved themselves worthy, and we know that there are Northern men here in our midst who have come with the intention of making Virginia their home—some of them have proven themselves worthy of all confidence—to such the people will not refuse their support. We know such men whom we believe can be re-elected if they desire it. We want many such to come among us to live, to bring their household goods along with them, and make Virginia their homes. But Heaven save us from the carpet-bag crew! We have had enough of them and our hearts are filled with exceeding great joy that their exodus is so near at hand. To the good and true man, be he from the North or the West, we extend the right hand of fellowship.—*Richmond News*.

THE LAW OF LIBEL.—The resolutions on the subject of the law of libel, adopted by the Editorial Association of Pennsylvania, were presented to the Senate, more than a week ago, by Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, and referred to the Judiciary Committee by the Speaker. That Committee having failed to report any measure on the subject, Senator Wallace prepared, and on Wednesday read in his place in the Senate the bill subjoined. This is a subject which deeply interests the press of the entire State. The passage of a law which will give publishers of newspapers a fair hearing in libel suits is loudly demanded. Following is Senator Wallace's bill:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, etc*, That from and after the passage of this act, on the trial of actions for damages or of indictments for writing or publishing a libel, the truth of the matter charged as libelous may be given in evidence; and if the jury in any such case shall find that the same was written or published from good motives and for justifiable ends, and that the matter so charged was true, it shall operate to the acquittal of the defendant or defendants, and shall be a defense in all such actions for damages.

SEC. 2. In all such actions for damages and indictments it shall be lawful for the defendant or defendants at any time before jury sworn to file his affidavit of record in the case, setting forth that the original printing and publishing of the alleged libel was made in another county, and that a fair and impartial trial cannot be had in the county in which said proceeding is pending; to remove the same into the county in which such original printing and publication was made, and thereupon the proceedings shall be certified into the proper court of such county, and shall be proceeded in as if it had remained in the court in which it was originally commenced.

HORRIBLE CRUELTY AND SAVAGE MURDER COMMITTED BY NEGROES.—*Fortress Monroe, Feb.* 11.—A most brutal murder was committed in Norfolk county a day or two since, at a place called Hickory Ground, the particulars of which are as follows: A negro family named Seguine, had a boy in their employ whom they sent to a grocery to purchase a dollar's worth of pork, giving him a $10 note. The boy purchased the pork, but on the way back he lost the nine dollars change. Seguine charged the boy with stealing the money, and gave him an unmerciful beating with a horse-whip, breaking his collar bone. On the following morning the boy started off with the intention of having Seguine arrested for beating him.—Seguine fearing the result, started in pursuit of the boy, accompanied by one or two others of the family. They overtook the boy near a piece of woods, into which they dragged him and in their fiendish rage cut out his tongue by the roots, after which they ended his sufferings by cutting his throat from ear to ear and hid the body in the woods. The boy's absence was noticed, suspicion was aroused, and a number of other negroes started in search of the boy, whose body was discovered where the Seguines had left it. Sheriff Stevens proceeded to the place to hold an inquest, while the Seguines, getting wind of it left suddenly for parts unknown. The missing change was afterwards found near the house where Seguine resided.

JUDGE STRONG AND MR. BRADLEY.—It is ascertained that there is no immediate prospect of the confirmation of the nomination of Judge Strong and Mr. Bradley as associate justices of the Supreme Court. They will probably be laid on the table if reported from the Judiciary Committee, as was the nomination of Judge Pearce, until action shall have been had upon the bill for the redistricting of the judicial circuits. The Southern Senators, who will in any case vote against Bradley, will insist upon a provision in the bill that the judges shall be appointed from the circuits to which they are to be assigned.—*Phila. Press*.

—A negro attempted to outrage a young lady named Frick, near Dover, Del., on Monday last, but her outcries brought assistance before the black fiend accomplished his hellish purpose. Miss F. was badly hurt.

—Can any one tell how men live and support their families who have no income and don't work, while others who are industrious and always employed almost starve?

General News Items.

—At Springfield, Tenn., on Tuesday evening, Tommie Hackersmith, a boy of 14, accidentally shot and killed his cousin, Mrs. Bibb. He is now insane in consequence.

—At Brady's Bend, in a violent quarrel between a father and a mother, a little girl, fourteen years old, in trying to part them, became so excited that she is now hopelessly insane.

—Just think of any one's taking the trouble to counterfeit the United States five cent nickel coins! Yet some superfluous swindlers have done so, and it is officially asserted that their "Trust in God" is larger than that of the Treasury Department.

—The steamer Maggie Hays, while on her way from New Orleans to Pittsburg, exploded her boilers near Helena, Ark., on Thursday afternoon, and sank. Her Captain, Barney Martin, her engineer, and five of her crew were killed. The passengers were all saved.

—Mr. Rob't Morgan, of Commersville, Marshall county, Miss., was taken from his house a few nights since by a band of twenty or thirty negroes and most brutally murdered. Six or eight of the negroes have been arrested and hung by the infuriated whites of the vicinity.

—Senator Revels, who is a daily observer of the scenes in Congress, is very much disgusted with the conduct of his white friends in both the House and Senate. He intends immediately on his admission to insist on more decency and decorum on the part of members in their intercourse with each other.

—Mr. Samuel L. Clemens, better known as Mark Twain, has at last ceased to be an aggravation to the susceptible damsels of the crowded audiences before whom he has been reciting the troubles of the Innocents. He is married to Miss Olivia Langdon of Elmira; and it is even said that he will quit lecturing.

—The steamer Two Boys, while on her way from Dublin, Ga., to Savannah, exploded her steam-drum, in a gale off Sapelo bar, and drifted to sea in the storm. Eight of her crew swam ashore, but the rest, with the passengers, remained on the vessel The U. S. steamer Nansemond is to go in search of her.

—A valuable lead mine has been discovered in Wharton township, Fayette county, on the land owned by Mr. Geo. W. Thomas. Explorations have been made that show a deposit of pure lead ore. The ore has been tested by Otto Wuth, the celebrated chemist at Pittsburg, who pronounces it the purest ore he has ever examined.

—The Bedford *Inquirer* of the 11th inst., announces that the Pittsburgh and Connellsville railroad company proposes to survey and locate the road from Bedford to Bridgeport at the earliest possible day and make the estimates with a view to its early construction. With prompt action it may be put under contract in the spring.

—A great sensation was created in Erie last fall, by some one attempting to poison the County Treasurer of that county, by giving him an apple. The story is now solved. One year ago the Treasurer had a balance of $58,000 of public funds in his hands. But now the Auditor's settlement just closed shows him to be a defaulter to the amount of $13,000, and the Treasurer aforesaid is in the Insane Asylum.

—The Scranton *Republican* tells the story that Mr. Henry O. Sikman of East Providence, while excavating for the enlargement of his foundry, found several petrified snakes. One three feet and a half in length, is a perfect specimen as ever seen; all the corrugations of a snake are marked with perfect distinctness. Just beyond where the petrifactions were found, several living snakes were exhumed. A pretty good "snaik" story.

—The wife of Rev. George Hudson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in New Cumberland, Tuscarawas county, Ohio, drowned herself on Saturday the 5th, in consequence of an excited condition of mind resulting from a revival, in which she was zealously assisted by her husband. She left home at midnight in her bare feet, and plunged into the nearest creek. An old citizen in the town has gone crazy from the same cause.

—An important legal decision has just been given in West Chester, this State. A man named Walker left an umbrella in his wagon, and on returning to it a few minutes after found the umbrella had disappeared. On his way home he overtook a man named Morris, in a heavy rain, with the umbrella. After hearing the case, the Court sentenced Morris to one month's imprisonment, the costs and a fine of $1. It is thus judicially determined that umbrellas are property.

—Mr. Jonathan Jenness, Jr., of Rye, N. H., who died on the 1st instant, aged 77, was in some respects a remarkable man. During his life-time he had never been over 60 miles from home, never rode in the cars but once, never missed a State or national election since he became a voter, and never missed winding the eight-day clock every Sunday morning for more than forty years. The Portsmouth *Times* says that he was consigned to the grave wearing the same pair of stockings that he wore when married, 54 years ago.

—Wisconsin sends us another dog story. The owner of the dog got drunk and lay down on the railroad track to sleep, with none but the dog to keep him company. The whistle of an approaching train shrieked in the startled ear of night; the faithful dog tugged at his master's clothes and tore them in his efforts to awaken him. His efforts proved in vain, and the dog took the man by the shoulder and fairly dragged him from the track just as the train came along. The man was saved, but the poor faithful dog was struck by the cow-catcher and killed. His faithful owner, when he awoke from his stupor, gathered up the pieces and reverently buried them.

—The proprietors of a distillery at Milford, Ohio, not having stock enough in their pens to drink the slop, turned it into the Miami. Forthwith the sober inhabitants of the beautiful river were seized with a desire to go on one grand "bender." By the time the fluid reached Plainville the whole river presented a scene of the wildest revelry among the fish. Bass, salmon, and white perch vied with each other in all kinds of ridiculous gymnatics. They appeared in shoals upon the top of the water, swam to the shore and jumped upon the dry land, and in their drunken spree imitated the performance of a higher order of animals. A wagon load was caught while they were in this tipsy condition and sold in the market.

—John Gorman, engineer at what is generally known as Lewis' rolling mill, in Allentown, met with a horrible death recently. He went up a line of shafting to fix a belt which was in danger of running off a pully. In doing so his arm was caught and the upper part of his body drawn between the belt and the pulley. This strained the belt so that it broke, and one end threw in an instant over his body and held it bound firmly to the shaft and pulley. There were making one hundred and forty two revolutions per minute, and he was carried around at this rate. The lower part of his body and legs were dangling, and, at each turn they struck the end of a timber near by. Both legs were severed from the body, and his head cut off just above the ears The mill was stopped as soon as possible, but to no avail, of course.

A SPLENDID CHANCE

We have arranged to furnish the CAMBRIA FREEMAN and DEMOREST'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY the MODEL PARLOR MAGAZINE OF AMERICA, for only $3 75.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE contains the essentials of all others, including the utilities of the Household and Home interests in all its departments

The only Reliable Fashions in all their details. The beauties and utilities of Literature, Poetry, Sketches, Stories, Music, and every branch of entertaining and useful reading calculated to enliven and elevate society and make our homes cheerful, attractive, useful, and happy; with a large and magnificent Steel Engraving, 28 by 35 inches, entitled "The Pic-nic on the Fourth of July," valued at $10, to each subscriber as a premium

The engraving is all done in line and stipple, from the original painting by Lily M. Spencer, and, besides the copyright, cost over seven thousand dollars, and is acknowledged by artists to be the most perfect and beautiful large engraving ever issued in this country. Certainly $10 will not procure another that combines so much interest and beauty. Ten cents for mailing the engraving should accompany the subscription.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with steady employment at home, the whole of the time or for spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business we make this unparalled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following Petitions for License have been filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county, for the action of said Court at March Sessions, 1870:

TAVERN LICENSE.

Carrolltown Borough—John W. Sharbough. Dominic Eger; Washington Township—Otto Heily, J. S. Kiel; Johnstown Borough—Patrick O'Connell, Gotlieb Lessinger, 2d ward, Jacob Ream, John Strome, John Crouse, John Raab, 3d ward; Cambria Borough—Thomas Judge, John Condy; East Conemaugh Borough—Daniel Gould Michael McCabe; Wilmore Borough—George Wilmore, Valentine Maltz; Blacklick Twp.—John B. Hite; Ebensburg Bor.—Henry Foster, west ward; Carroll Township—Nicholas Lamborn; Chest Township—Baltzer Heidrich; Richland Twp.—Henry Y. Shaffer; Gallitzin Township—Lawrence Campbell.

FAT NO HOUSE LICENSE.

Summitville Borough—James A. Maher.

J. K. HITE, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 17, 1870 3t.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following Appraisements of certain personal property of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under Act of Assembly of 14th April, 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for approval, on WEDNESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, to wit:

The inventory of the goods of Lewis Colbaugh, dec'd retained by his widow, Susannah Colbaugh, $191 70.

The appraisement and inventory of goods and chattels of Christian Bloch, late of Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, deceased, $173.

The appraisement of the personal property of James H. Mitchell, dec'd, appraised and set apart to the widow, Margaret Mitchell, $200

Appraisement of certain real estate set apart for the use of Sarah O'Donnell, widow of Anthony O'Donnell, late of Millville borough, deceased, $275.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 10, 1870-3t.

TRIAL LIST.—Causes set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to convene on MONDAY, the 7th day of MARCH next, to wit:

FIRST WEEK.

Pringle vs. Wilmore Borough School Directors; Confer vs. Dunmore et. al.; Somerville vs. Mains; Farrelsworth, for use, vs. Wagner; Bell vs. Swires; Gill's use vs. Noel et. al.; Vlokroy vs. Ryckman; Miller vs. Luther; Miller vs. Luther; Miller vs. Luther; Commonwealth vs. George; Given vs. Cambria Iron Company.

SECOND WEEK.

Johnston & Stewart vs Bartlebaugh & Kinter; Hood & Co., use, vs. Piper; Robeson vs Cowan; Helsell vs Dunmire; Trainor vs McCabe, Morgan vs. Cowan; Milliken vs Troxell, Snyder vs Parke; Cambria Iron Company vs Rager; Cambria Iron Company vs Stewart; Cambria Iron Company vs Mrs. E Rager; Cambria Iron Company vs Baker's Heirs; Burk vs Paul; McCarney vs Rutledge; Thomas et al vs Harshbarger; Noel vs Noel; Watson & Co vs Keelan; Sharp vs Shartz et al; Borough of Johnstown vs John A. Trettz; Borough of Johnstown vs John Jones; Morgan et al vs Feeney et al; Miller vs McElearr; Brotherline vs Dysart et al.

J. K. HITE, Prothonotary.

Prothy's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 7, 1870-4t.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Co. OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Am't of Property insured as per 12th Annual Report,	$574,656 53
Am't of Property insured since 12th Annual Report,	246,179 99
	$710,836 52
Deduct am't of Policies expired and cancelled since 12th Rep't,	163 534 97
	$547,301 55
Am't of Premium Notes in force as per 12th Annual Report,	$55,277 99
Am't taken since 12th Report,	26 412 92
Deduct expired and cancelled since 12th ANNUAL Report,	13 885 80
	$67 8 5 11
Whole number of Policies issued,	1 033
Number issued since 12th Report,	201
Number now in force,	523

RECEIPTS.

Balance in hands of Treasurer at last settlement, as per 12 h Annual Report,	$ 835 95
Am't Premiums received since 12th Annual Report,	1,089 62
Am't rec'd from A. A. Barker,	16 22
	$1 942 09

EXPENDITURES.

Fees of officers,	$348 50	
Expenses,	153 70	
Losses by Fire,	45 26	547 46
Balance in Treasurer's hands,		$1,391 63

OUT-STANDING DEBTS.

Joseph H. Campbell (note),	$138 67

JOHN WILLIAMS, President.

R. J. LLOYD, Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—E. Roberts, Isaac Crawford, John Lloyd. [Feb 17.-3t]

HOTEL PROPERTY IN LORETTO FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale his well known and desirable

TAVERN STAND,

with all the necessary outbuildings, such as a commodious Stable, Ice House, Warehouse, Cistern, &c. The House is in good repair.—Terms will be made easy. If not sold before March 15th the property will be for rent

Further information can be obtained by applying to or addressing P. H. SHIELDS.

Loretto, Feb. 3, 1870-tf.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Expon. and A. Vend. Expon. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in Ebensburg, on MONDAY the 7th day of MARCH next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of John White and Nathan White, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of John Hines, Wm Hines, and others, containing 60 acres, more or less, unimproved. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Knepper, for use of Jacob Weaver.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Wm. Wharton, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Edward Burk, Esq., of —— McFeely, dec'd, and others, containing 25 acres, more or less, about 5 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story Log House, a Frame Stable and a Water Saw Mill, now in the occupancy of Wm. Wharton. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of R. L. Johnston.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Reighard, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, fronting 8 rods on the Township road and running back 10 rods, adjoining lot of Francis Berger and lands of Wm. Harris, having thereon erected a two story Plank House, not finished. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jonathan Custer.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James N. McGuire, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Gallitzin township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of John A. McGuire, Daniel Harris, and others, containing 40 acres, more or less about eight acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story Frame House and a Log Stable, and a coal bank in working order, now in the occupancy of James N. McGuire. Taken in execution and to be sold as the suit of Thomas Taylor.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James Burke, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of S. M. Kerr, Christian Suray, and others, containing 72 acres more or less, about 25 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected two one and a-half story Log Houses and a Log Barn, now in the occupancy of James Burk. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jeremiah Mc'onigle.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of James M'Riffel, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Summerville borough, Cambria county, fronting on Turnpike street, and adjoining an alley on the west, lot of Peter Douglass on the north east, and Railroad street on the south east, containing one acre, more or less, having thereon erected a two story Frame Eagle Stand and Frame Stable, now in the occupancy of John H. Herbert; also, a two story Frame Tenant House, with a Shed Kitchen, not now occupied, and a two-story Store Room now in the occupancy of James M. Riffel. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Ada F. Campbell, Adm'x of William S. Campbell, dec'd.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 17, 1870-3t.

SHERIFFS SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Expon. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House in Johnstown, on SATURDAY the 5 h day of MARCH next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Chas. Zimmerman, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in 3d ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, fronting 21 feet on Caroline street and running back along lot of Adam Pfeiffer to the north 95 feet to an alley on the west, also lot of John Geis on the south, having thereon erected a two story Plank House and Frame Stable, and a hydrant of without water now in the occupancy of R. J. Hartsock. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. H. Horstman & Sons.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Sarah E Ogden and John S Ogden, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, fronting on ——— feet, 99 feet back adjoining lot of Frederick Cover on the north and ——— Nails on the south, having thereon erected a two story Plank House, now in the occupancy of J. S. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Aaron Lally

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 17, 1870-3t.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.—Appeals from the Assessments for 1870 will be held at the Office of the County Commissioners, in Ebensburg as follows:

FEBRUARY 21st—For Carroll Township and Carrolltown and Ebensburg Boroughs.

FEBRUARY 22d—For Johnstown, (Upper Conemaugh, (2 wards,) East Conemaugh, Millville, Prospect and Franklin Boroughs

FEBRUARY 23d—For Cooperstown, Barnesboro and Allegheny, Cambria, Munster, Blacklick and

Cambria Freeman.

: : FEB 17, 1870

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

LOCAL PENINGS AND PENCILINGS — ...e is said to be from five to eight thou... ...ls of what is known as Glade butter, ...nerset county, still remaining un... ...the Eastern cities.

...e well known and well established ...l House at Summitville, of which ...ary Hughes is the proprietor, is of... ...r sale or rent. See advertisement.

...thered people a good deal to be sin... ...this place on Monday last, as it was ...possible to stand on the slippery ...which extended all along our streets ...walks.

...Lizzie T. Evans has a few words of ...to our lady readers printed in our ...ning columns today. Of course the ...ld of fair friends will tempt them ...what she has to say.

...bill for the removal of the county seat ...Ebensburg to Johnstown will be before ...per committee to-day (Thursday) at ...Collins and other gentlemen ...Ebensburg *will be there.*

...shooting match for a silver pitcher is ...e in Huntingdon on Tuesday next, ...ll be open to all the world and the ...e thanked. Can't some of our "shoot... ...ld win the prize?

...J. P. McGuire, surgeon dentist, will ...Carrolltown on Friday, Feb. 18th, and ...ree week, for the purpose of attend... ...the wants of those who may stand in ...of his professional services.

...stack of hay belonging to Mr. F. J ...Ellenfield township, Westmoreland ...y, and containing some seven or eight ...was set on fire by an incendiary and ...ly destroyed one night last week.

...which railroad enterprise from Mun... ...to Somerset is making rapid strides ...success. No less than $3,000 were ...ised for the purpose last week, and ...subscription thus far is $37 100.

...Edmund John, while skating ...Stony Creek at Johnstown, one day ...last, broke through the ice, and would ...have drowned had not a young man ...ed the accident rescued him from ...watery position.

...Gurley has signed the death warrants ...Egner and Bodenburg, the Peightal ...derer, and the time of the execution has ...fixed for Wednesday, March 9th. ...was undismayed by the intelligence, ...ing that it was all right, but Boden... ...was deeply affected and wept like a ...

...Rev. P. C. Christy, pastor of the Catholic ...h in this place, desires us to return his ...st thanks to the members of St. Ben... ...church, Carrolltown, for the liberal ...ntribution by them to the Ladies' Fair ...s to commence in this place on Mon... ...March 7th. Their generous liberality ...not soon be forgotten.

...The present mild winter has opened up a ...ffic in our midst. Large quantities ...ice are being shipped from this vicinity to ...burg, Philadelphia, and other points ...the freezing weather failed to visit. Such ...citizens as own ice-houses are also ...ing them with a good quality of ice ...ten or twelve inches thick.

...Johnstown *Tribune* is informed that ...h Bohner, one of the two persons con... ...of the murder of the Peightal family, ...Prospect borough for some time in ...e part of 1868 or early in 1869. ...e rat traps which he couldn't beg or ...rrow should not his wife there. He ...pronounced a very dangerous man.

...ple with a fair share of this world's ...ds can well afford to be charitable enough ...give a sack or barrel of flour to their ...ighbors, so long as they can buy ...good article so very cheap at E. J. ...Foss and Fest Depot. Even those ...charity begins at home" will do ...thing by buying their flour from Mr.

...It is not known positively whether the ...dog saw his shadow or not, but it is ...positively that human bipeds can see ...shadows, executed in the highest style ...photographic art, at any time they ...their pictures at the Novelty Photo... ...Rooms of Mr. T. R. Evans, Julian ...where the most perfect likenesses are ...in all kinds of weather.

...The two law offices recently occupied by ...Shoemaker & Oatman have been ...refitted and moved back in order to ...room for the fine private residence ...the former gentlemen designs having ...after his own use. It would be well ...Ebensburg if some more of its moneyed ...were to become imbued with a like ...enterprise and improvement.

...A. J. Roehe, who some seventeen or ...twenty years ago was pastor for a twelve... ...or more of the Catholic church in this ...died at his residence in Abingdon, ...Ill., after a short but severe illness, on ...Jan. 25th, aged about 47 years. ...Roehe was a most zealous and faith... ...priest and a man of fine education. We ...only hope that his immortal spirit has ...eternal rest.

...It was said a week or two ago that the per... ...who hadn't sense enough to know that ...Fide name should be sent with a com... ...nication to a newspaper, hadn't sense ...enough to write anything worth publishing. ...In this category we are willing to except ...the "mum Bonum," but we are not willing ...to publish the letter, worthy and inoffensive ...as it be, until he complies with the rule ...we know no exception. His communi... ...will not spoil with the keeping.

...Robert E. Jones, of this place has ...associated with Capt. W. R. Hughes, ...Altoona, in the old-established and pop... ...mercantile establishment heretofore con... ...ducted in that borough by the latter gentle... ...man alone. They design to keep a larger ...stock than ever of dry goods, groceries, ...notions, etc., and propose to sell as cheap ...as the cheapest for either cash or country ...produce. The firm is a deserving one, and ...we hope it will do a prosperous, as we be... ...lieve it will do an honest, business. Adver... ...tisement next week.

...One of the biggest and bulliest gentle... ...men in Blair county visited Ebensburg on ...Monday, and although they were dripping ...with perspiration, the day being very disagreeable, ...we think one of them made led us to be... ...lieve that they were duly dry inside. Two ...of them are staunch republicans, but they ...were somewhat backward in expressing them... ...selves against the re-election of Hon. D. J. ...Morrell to Congress, and announced their ...intention to vote for R. L. Johnston, Esq., ...if the democracy would again nominate that ...gentleman for the position.

...A petition has been prepared and sent to the ...Legislature to incorporate "The Ebensburg ...and Susquehanna Turnpike Road Com... ...pany," with power to locate and construct ...a turnpike road from Ebensburg to the ...Bay Tree. The names of the Commis... ...sioners are: Edward Roberts, A. A. Barker, ...David Lloyd, Henry Hopple, Francis Bearer, ...John Buck, R. H. McCormick, Porter Kin... ...near Peter Garman and Robert McCague. ...Such an improvement demanded by the ...interests of Ebensburg and the northern ...portion of the county. We will refer to the ...matter more in detail hereafter.

A descent was made on a house of ill fame in Johnstown, on Sunday morning last, and all the inmates, as well as several fast young men of the town, were captured and taken before the Burgess, who sentenced them to three days imprisonment in the lock-up.

Two coal miners named John Dolan and Patrick Shan, employed by the Mount Union Iron Company, in Huntingdon county, were so terribly burned and injured by the explosion of a keg of blasting powder, into which a spark from one of their lamps had accidentally fallen, on Thursday the 3d inst., that the former died on Saturday and the latter on Monday following. The accident occurred in one of the ore diffis, and the unfortunate men groped their way to the entrance, a distance of about 200 yards, and plunged into the Juniata river, to extinguish their burning clothing. Their remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at Huntingdon.

Although persons without number have stepped upon or over the stone lintel of the door leading to the office of the Mountain House in this place, it was not until last Saturday that the somewhat startling discovery was made that a petrified snake, perfectly formed in every particular and coiled as if in the act of springing, was imbedded in the block of stone. We have not yet viewed the wonder, but are told that the head, tail and body of the snake are readily discernible, leaving no room for doubt that it was at one time a living reptile. How it came to be overtaken by the "little unpleasantness" which has forever fixed its destiny, is a conundrum we are not prepared to answer.

CAMBRIA COUNTY AND THE STATE TREASURY.—We compile from Auditor General Hartranft's Report of the Finances of Pennsylvania for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1869, the following statistics showing the several amounts paid into and received from the State Treasury by citizens and corporations in this county:

PAID INTO TREASURY:	
Auction Commissions, John Cox,	$ 23 75
Corporation Stock—Conemaugh Bridge Company,	43 13
Cambria Iron Company,	9,869 23
Johnstown Gas & Water Co.	67 81
Johnstown Manufactur'g Co.	1 497 50
Personal Property,	2,386 18
Loans—Johnstown Borough,	3 67
Cambria Iron Company,	82 89
Johnstown Gas & Water Co.	18 53
Net Earnings—Con'n Bridge Co.	26 81
Cambria Iron Company,	17,876 76
Johnstown Mechan'l Works,	124 81
Johnstown Manufactur'g Co.	1,146 67
Enrollment of Laws—To amend Charter of Cambria Iron Co.	20 00
To authorize Cambria Iron Company to maintain bridge over the Conemaugh,	20 00
Supplement to an act to incorporate Cambria Mining & Manufacturing Company,	20 00
Tax on Wills—J. K. Hite, Pro.,	$97 96
G. C. K. Zahm, late Pro.,	107 67
James Griffin, Register,	460 06
Collateral Inheritance Tax—James Griffin,	108 32
Tavern Licences—John Cox,	2 698 03
Retailers' Licenses—John Cox,	1,008 45
Billiards, &c.—John Cox,	28 50
Eating Houses, &c—John Cox,	332 66
Distilleries, &c.—John Cox,	114 00
Premium on Charters—Cambria Mining & Manufactur'g Co,	378 00
Fines, &c.,	8 00
Accrued Interest—Cambria Co.,	13 25
RECEIVED FROM TREASURY:	
Pensions and Gratuities,	420 00
Common Schools,	2 894 64
Mercantile Appraiser, J. M. Ross,	16 80
Miscellaneous—The Alleganian, for Advertising,	10 00
PERSONAL PROPERTY, TAXES, &C.	
Valuation of Personal Property in Cambria County subject to taxation for State purposes,	$759,391 00
Assessment of Tax thereon for 1869, as fixed by the Revenue Commissioners at their last triennial meeting,	2,192 99
Half-mill tax authorized by act of May 16, 1861,	367 13
Population of Cambria County, as per Census of 1860,	29,314
Number of Taxable Inhabitants for the year 1869,	8,699

N. F. K.—What shall we say of N. F. K? N. F. Carroll, Houston House, Johnstown, has choice furs, dress goods, dry goods, house furnishing goods, carpets, oil-cloths, shawls, etc., for sale at remarkably low figures. Never saw such good goods sold so cheap. Beats all! Must be sold. Carroll knows how to sell. Clever fellow! Everybody pleased. He's a gentleman. Cheapest in town. That's what they say, going away. Best man in town.

FUN OFFS.—There were a dozen of run offs in Johnstown last week, but the biggest run offs was the way people ran off with John J. Murphy's dry goods, at the Mansion House corner of Main and Franklin streets, Johnstown. The rush was so great that the very walls of the building cried out, "taking dry goods away"—"taking dry goods away"—"taking away"—"away." And the dry goods melted away like snow—that's so!

PLENTY OF CHANGE.—The only thing that seems to be blessed with an abundance of change in this "neck o'timber" is the weather. If any person had half as much change he could invest it to good advantage at the popular cheap dry goods, grocery and furniture store of H. A. Shoemaker & Co., who are desirous of exchanging their fine winter stock for the ready cash at cost prices.

FAIR NOTES.—If you have any notion of doing the fair thing for the coming Fair, and don't know what to contribute to the enterprise, let us advise you to go and see the hundreds of beautiful and useful articles which Geo. Huntley has on exhibition at his great house-furnishing depot. He will sell you what you want at a *fair* price, whether you buy it for the Fair or for home use.

GET UP.—People who wish to "meet me by moonlight alone" can do so these mornings by getting up before daylight, but people who wish to meet the man who gives the greatest bargains in all kinds of merchandise can do so at any business hour by visiting the west ward store of R. R. Davis. In daylight, moonlight, lamp light, or no light, he cannot be beat in selling cheap.

COUNTERFEIT COIN.—The country is said to be flooded with counterfeit five cent nickel coin, but not one man in a hundred is able to tell "tother from which." We believe all kinds, as well as greenbacks and scrip, are taken at the cheap cash store of V. S. Barker, who gives more than full value therefor in the best kind of dry goods, groceries, etc.

FRY, FRY, FRY.—High, High, High street, street, street; buy, buy, buy neat, neat, goods, goods, goods cheap, cheap, cheap now, now, now. Can't do better at any store in the county. Try, try, try Fry, Fry Fry, and you'll never buy, buy, buy from any other man.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, Feb. 14, 1870.

Dear Freeman—When passing the Arcade Building the other day I was attracted by a *bran* new set of cottage furniture at the door of Wm. P. Patton's wholesale and retail Furniture Depot, Clinton street. He had just made a sale. He said "*Come a Ric!*" I went in, and then he said "*Excelsior!*" which means, "go up higher." We went and found the second-floor tier of rooms crowded with furniture. We went up still higher and found the 3d story *jam full* of chamber sets of furniture. There must be $5,000 worth of made up chairs, tables, cupboards, washstands, sofas, bedsteads, music stools, what-nots, and such like furniture, in this mammoth establishment. Mr. Patton sends furniture to all the counties around, and he makes good furniture and sells cheap. Moreover his *heart* is as big as his body, and his body is a *hoosier*.

The excitement here about the removal of the county seat is intense. I wish the vexed question was forever settled. The population is increasing rapidly here, and the more I think of the matter, the more I think I was right when I said, a few years ago, let us each have a county seat. The population will justify it in a very few years. But if you don't take my advice, fight away.

Local is scarce. Since the weather *blowed* up the hens have stopped *laying* and took to *roosting*. Butter is scarce. Flour is down and *spirits* are up. We are all living in hopes of a prohibitory law. If we get this we will petition to abolish *horses*, 'cause people steal them, and *railroads*, 'cause they commit murder. Logic is logic. If slander could be abolished it would be a God-send. A few years ago two children got lost in Bedford county. When the father and mother were almost distracted about the little ones, some slanderous tongue started the rumor that the parents might have killed them. The same unreasonable surmise was started in regard to the children lately lost in New Jersey. That must be a wicked tongue that could add an additional pang to the suffering heart of a sadly bereaved parent. But the tongue is set on fire of hell! Innocence suffers every day. One cannot visit the sick room without falling under the lash of some busy tongues—all professing Christians.

"Ice or no ice" is still the topic of discussion here. This city could not get along well without ice. The people can hardly be kept cool here in winter; how much less in summer. Let us have ice. Couldn't Ebensburg give our saloon keepers a prescription for ice-making? The cold, calculating, inhospitable people up there, who are always under the influence of *zero*, might know how to make ice.

We have changed our mind about the literary societies here. They were not dead, but sleeping. They are now wide awake and doing a rushing business. The older members are returning to their posts, like Congressmen after the holidays, and some of them are well informed and well meaning men.

The Library Association will also prove a success, notwithstanding the efforts of some *thick witted* people to throw cold water on the project. One hundred names already down and one hundred can be had. Let it go ahead by all means.

Our schools, which have been in a flourishing condition, will soon close. They have been open for eight months, managed by skillful hands. Millville schools will also close temporary in a month. It is hoped the directors of Johnstown and Millville both will open another session right away and continue the schools throughout the year. Money cannot be better expended. Teachers cannot be better employed, nor pupils either.

I intend to make my letter short this time. If I were in the place of a Legislative member, where I could vote myself $100 to pay postage, I could then write you a long letter every day. Alas! for the promises of economy in the Legislature. Every member takes $100, beside pay and perquisites, *just for postage*. Farmers, who pays your postage?

Last Saturday's sun placed some of our teamsters in a quandary by suddenly dissolving the snow, before the country teams got in with their loads. Some tall *pulling* and a *little* swearing was done. Nasty sun to take away the snow!

The scarlet fever still prevails about here. Several children are dangerously ill with this perplexing disease. It is rather a putrid sore throat than a fever. It seems to baffle the skill of our best physicians. There have been a great many deaths during the autumn and winter. ROB ROY.

CARROLLTOWN, Feb. 14, 1870.

Dear Freeman—The few days of excellent sledding last week were taken advantage of by the proprietors of saw-mills located in this vicinity, and every available team in this and adjoining townships was pressed into service for the purpose of hauling lumber to Ebensburg. I presume that the quantity of pine lumber alone which was taken through this place would approximate 1,000,000 feet.

There is a general cry of "hard times" among all classes of people here, and I believe the complaint extends to other localities. Men who have been engaged in business for years assert that in their experience they do not remember a time when money appeared so scarce or trade so dull, and if this stagnation continues much longer it must result in a general prostration of all kinds of business. Meanwhile we can only hope that the reaction may come and the opening of Spring find us all rejoicing in the advent of a prosperous season and plethoric pocket-books.

What *rara avis* has your Altoona correspondent caged, that he thinks it highly incumbent on the reportorial staff of the *Freeman* to put in an appearance in the Mountain City? It would be sufficient inducement for us to visit Altoona merely to have the pleasure of taking the honest hand of "T. I. M." in our own, and enjoying an hour's social chat with him, but *time* and that other necessary adjunct, a sufficiency of the "Spinners," will rather prevent us from accepting his invitation.

We acknowledge the compliment of an invitation to the third annual ball of the Assistance Fire Company of Johnstown. The "Assistance" boys knows how to make an affair of this kind enjoyable, and we should be delighted to attend, but, for reasons heretofore enumerated, must decline.

To-day is known in the calendar as "St. Valentine Day," and the present anniversary of the sanctified personage is about as excruciatingly disagreeable as there is any use in. Cold drizzling rain has been falling since midnight, and at the mid-day hour it is keeping on with pertinacity. A couple of those highly artistic colored davbs, designated "valentines," have found their way into our office and our fellow apprentice has been indulging in a revised edition of "morning prayers" in consequence. When he discovers the individual from whence they emanated I judge from his remarks that a funeral will be in order and that he will have the corpse ready. BUB FUZ.

THE Legislature will adjourn March 17th—St. Patrick's Day.

THE NEW ÆTNA
REAPER AND MOWER!
GREATLY IMPROVED.

With double motion, or change of speed at will. By the movement of an easy working lever, without stopping the team, the speed can be easily changed from fast to slow, and from slow to fast; or by the same lever can be thrown entirely out of gear. Also a grand improvement in the new Geared Reel that is so popular, and with a new Self-Rake and other improvements, the "ÆTNA" is conceded to be far ahead of all its competitors in every essential quality of a successful machine.

Farmers,

If you want to get the best *Reaper and Mower* manufactured, call at George Huntley's House-Furnishing and Agricultural Depot and see the famed "ÆTNA," or send for the new pamphlet of grand improvements for 1870, sent free to any address.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE ADVERTISER, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &C. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON
my20. 1y. Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

MARRIED.

HEDRICK—SHRYOCK.—At the residence of the bride's parents in Wilmore, on Thursday last, by Rev. R. A. Fink, Mr. Geo. M. Hedrick, of Polo, Ill., and Miss Mattie L., daughter of John Shryock, Esq., of Wilmore.

DIED,

DAWSON.—In Gallitzin twp., on Wednesday, Feb. 2d, 1870, Mrs. MARY DAWSON, relict of Jerome Dawson, Esq. dec'd, aged about 42 years. May she rest in peace.

NOEL.—In Munster township, on the 4th inst., Mr. Philip Noel, aged about 21 years.

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO LET!—That well established Tavern Stand known as the National House, in the Borough of Summitville, Cambria county, is offered for sale or rent. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April next. Apply to the owner on the premises.

Feb. 17, 1870-6t. HENRY HUGHES.

DISSOLUTION!—The Partnership heretofore existing between AGNES SAUPP and SARAH E. BURNS, under the firm name of A. SAUPP & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Parties indebted to said firm will make payment to SARAH E. BURNS, who will pay all debts contracted by said firm.

AGNES SAUPP,
Jan. 28, 1870.* SARAH E. BURNS.

NOTICE.—A Petition having been presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, on the 8th day of February, 1870, for the incorporation of the "SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH," notice is hereby given that a Charter for the same will be granted at March Term, 1870, if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary.

J. K. HITE, Prothonotary.
Prothy's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 17, 1870. 3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed to report distribution of the funds in the hands of John A. Blair, Esq., Trustee appointed to sell Purpart No. 6 of the Real Estate of which Ignatius Adams died seized, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in the Borough of Ebensburg, for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment, on FRIDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where those interested may attend.

WM. H. SECHLER, Auditor.
Ebensburg, February 17, 1870.-3t.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—By virtue of a plurius order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned will expose to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on WEDNESDAY, 9TH OF MARCH NEXT, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate of which Robert Davis died seized, to wit: A LOT OF GROUND situate in the Borough of Ebensburg, described as follows: Fronting on Ogle street 66 feet thence extending along Cherry alley 128 feet to lot now owned by John E. Evans—having thereon erected a new Frame Stable, and a number of young Fruit Trees thereon growing; under fence and in a good state of cultivation.

TERMS—CASH on confirmation of sale.

GEO M. READE.
Feb. 17.-3t. Adm'r of R. Davis, dec'd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the House of Felix Beck, in Loretto, on WEDNESDAY, the 24 day of MARCH, 1870, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following Real Estate, of which Henry McKeever died seized, to wit: A PIECE OR PARCEL OF LAND situate in the Township of Munster, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded by lands of John Criste, Joseph Cramer, John Bard, and others, containing 119 ACRES and 113 PERCHES and allowance, about 60 Acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a LOG HOUSE and a LOG STABLE.

TERMS:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale and the residue in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by the judgment bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

P. H SHIELDS, } Trustees.
FRANCIS O'FRIEL, }
Loretto, February 10, 1870. 3t.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!—ESTATE OF WM. A. PLATT, DEC'D.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to me directed, there will be sold at Public Sale, on the premises in Susquehanna township, on FRIDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY 1870, the following described Real Estate, to wit: All the right, title, interest and claim of the said William A. Platt, dec'd, in and to a certain piece or parcel of LAND situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, containing EIGHTY ACRES, more or less—bounded on the north by land of Abram Burt enough on the east by land of —— Dale, on the south by land of J. D. Shaw, and on the west by land of Harper & Kinport's.

TERMS—Cash on confirmation of sale.

G. W. LOVELACE, Guardian.
Susquehanna Twp., Feb 10, 1870.-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report distribution of the funds in the hands of GEO. M. READE, Esq., Adm'r of the Estate of ROBERT DAVIS dec'd, upon his fourth account, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in the Borough of Ebensburg, on FRIDAY, the 4th day of MARCH next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Feb. 10. 3t. T. W. DICK, Auditor.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Fisher and Bloodgood Surveys being all patented, those who own portions of them need not apply for Patents. Those who have purchased tracts, or parts of tracts, of other bodies of surveys which have not been patented, can procure the patents by applying to

SHOEMAKER & OATMAN.
Ebensburg, Nov. 18, 1869. tf.

Great Crash

—IN—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

Clothing, Groceries, &c.

EVERYTHING DOWN!

HIGH PRICES

OVER FOR THE SEASON!

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE

OF V. S. BARKER'S IMMENSE

STOCK of GOODS.

Owing to the fact that money is pretty *scarce*, and people do not want to invest unless they can get their money's worth, V. S. BARKER has determined to offer his entire stock of Goods at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

FOR CASH.

As it is my desire to dispose of every article contained in my large and varied assortment of Goods before APRIL 1st, 1870,

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS

WILL BE OFFERED IN

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots,

DRY GOODS,

And Miscellaneous Articles

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

The stock is new and contains no damaged or Auction goods, but every article is warranted to be in good and perfect order, and

WILL BE OFFERED AT PRICES LOWER

THAN HAVE EVER PREVAILED IN THIS MARKET.

The Goods are marked down so that ONLY ONE PRICE will be asked FOR CASH, and sold for CASH ALONE.

So buy for CASH, and MONEY save, And do not yield to sorrow; | I'll sell you CHEAP for CASH to day, And I'll trust you all to morrow.

And Now Look at This:

STILL BETTER OPPORTUNITIES

FOR SECURING BARGAINS.

ANY PERSON BUYING GOODS TO THE

AMOUNT OF FIVE DOLLARS AND UPWARDS,

Will have 5 PER CENT. Deducted from their Bill,

Which they can have either in Goods or Cash, as they may wish.

This is the greatest chance for bargains ever offer in this town, and persons wishing to buy Goods and SAVE MONEY will do well to examine our STOCK and PRICES before buying elsewhere.

Remember, the whole stock is to be

CLOSED OUT

Before the FIRST DAY of APRIL NEXT.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following Accounts have been passed and filed in the register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT, to wit:

The first and partial account of Geo. Wehn, jr., guardian of Christiana Amanda Wayne.

The second account of Peter C. Lehman, administrator of Levi Weaver, late of Richland township, deceased.

The first and partial account of Geo. Wehn, jr., guardian of Annie M. Wayne.

The second and final account of Paul Yahner, executor of the last will and testament of Francis Glosser, late of Chest township, dec'd.

The account of Wm. Constable, administrator of the estate of Samuel Horner, late of Yoder township, deceased.

The account of Mrs. Catharine Roberts, administratrix of Wm. Roberts, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.

The third and final account of Catharine Connelly, executor of Bernard Connelly, late of Summerhill township, deceased.

The first and final account of Alex. Skelly, administrator of John Skelly, late of Summerhill township, deceased.

The first and final account of John Hogue and Philip Schettig, executors of the last will and testament of Aloysius Wasser, late of Carroll township, deceased.

The second account of W. C. Lewis, adm'r de bonis non of David Hite, late of Johnstown borough, Cambria county, deceased.

The first and final account of Jas. A. Brown, adm'r of Catharine Otterson, late of Summitville, Cambria county, deceased.

The first and final account of A. A. Barker, administrator of Julia Ann Carney, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.

The first and final account of Joseph Crayle, late of Croyle twp., Cambria county, dec'd.

The account of John Martin, executor of the last will and testament of David Good, late of Susquehanna twp., Cambria county, dec'd.

The account of Philip J. Sanders, executor of the last will and testament of Peter Sanders, late of Munster township, deceased.

The account of David D. Goughnour, adm'r cum testamento annexo of Henry D. Goughnour, late of Taylor twp., Cambria co., dec'd.

GEO. W. OATMAN, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 10, 1870. 4t

REAL ESTATE
SAVINGS BANK,
No. 63 Fourth Avenue,
Adjoining new Merchants' and Manufacturers' National Bank,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1862.

ISAAC JONES, President.
WM. H SMITH, Vice President.
S. S. CARRIER, Sec. and Treas.
B. C. PARKE, Accountant.
E. B. TODD, Solicitor.

TRUSTEES:

Hon Thos. M. Howe, Jacob Painter,
Hon J. K Moorhead, C. G. Hussey,
Harvey Childs, Wm. H. Smith,
Isaac Jones, D. W. C. Bidwell,
Nicholas Voeghtly, Jr.

Statement of October 30, 1869.

ASSETS

Bonds and Mortgages, being first liens on Real Estate,	$502 957 00
U S 1881 Bonds, at par	25,000 00
U. S. 10 40 Bonds, at par	25,000 00
Real Estate	2,720 47
Office Furniture	418 60
Cash	51,400 32
Total	$607,496 39

LIABILITIES.

Amount due Depositors	$550,103 71
" " " Interest, Nov. 1, 1869	14,027 79
Contingent Fund	43,364 89
Total	$607,496 39

INTEREST ALLOWED on Deposits, at SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM, payable to Depositors in May and November, which, if not drawn, will be added to the principal, and COMPOUNDED.

Open for Deposit from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., daily; also on Saturday Evenings, from 6 to 9 o'clock.

☞ Money loaned on Bond and Mortgage only. Slips for the use of depositors who cannot visit the city, and copies of Charter and By-laws furnished by mail.

S. S. CARRIER,
Secretary and Treasurer,
No. 63 FOURTH AVE., PITTSBURGH, PA.
November 25, 1869. 5m.

Lorillard's "EUREKA" Smoking Tobacco is an excellent article of granulated Virginia—wherever introduced it is universally admired. It is put up in handsome muslin bags, in which orders for Meerschaum Pipes are daily packed.

Lorillard's Yacht Club Smoking Tobacco classed by all who consume it as the "finest of all"—it is made of the choicest leaf grown—it is anti nervous in its effects, as the Nicotine has been extracted—it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking—it is very mild, light in color and weight, hence one pound will last as long as three of ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Meerschaum Pipes. Try it and convince yourselves it is all it claims to be—"THE FINEST OF ALL."

Lorillard's 'CENTURY' Chewing Tobacco. This brand of Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco has no equal or superior anywhere. It is without doubt the best chewing tobacco in the country.

Lorillard's SNUFFS have now been in general use in the United States over 110 years, and is still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

☞ If your storekeeper does not have the articles for sale, ask him to get them; they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere. Circular of prices forwarded on application.

P. LORILLARD & CO., New York.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED for Struggles and Triumphs of P. T. BARNUM.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF. IN ONE LARGE OCTAVO VOLUME—NEARLY 800 PAGES—PRINTED IN ENGLISH AND GERMAN—33 ELEGANT FULL PAGE ENGRAVINGS.

It Embraces FORTY YEARS' RECOLLECTIONS of his Busy Life, as a Merchant, Manager, Banker, Lecturer and Showman, and gives accounts of his Imprisonment, his Failure, his Successful European Tours, and important Historical and Personal Reminiscences, replete with Humor, Anecdotes and Entertaining Narrative. No book published so acceptable to all classes. Every one wants it. Agents are selling from 50 to 100 a week. We offer extra terms. Our Illustrated Catalogue and Terms to Agents sent free.

J. B. BURR & CO.,
Publishers, Hartford, Conn.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the manufacture and sale of LUMBER, under the firm name of CUNNINGHAM & STONEBECK, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by OWEN CUNNINGHAM, who is authorized to settle all accounts.

OWEN CUNNINGHAM,
JAMES STONEBECK.
Ebensburg, Jan. 26, 1869. 6t

A LONG WALK.

In 1732, Thomas Penn contracted with Teedyuscung and some others for a title to all the land in Pennsylvania, to be taken off by a parallel of latitude from any point as far as the best of three men could walk in a day, between sunrise and sunset, from a certain chestnut tree, at or near Bristol, in a northwest direction. Care was taken to select the most capable for such a walk. The choice fell on James Yates, a native of Bucks county, a tall, slim man, of much agility and speed of foot; Solomon Jennings, a Yankee, remarkably stout and strong; Edward Marshall, a native of Bucks county, a noted hunter, chain-carrier, &c., a large, heavy-set, and strong boned man.

The day was appointed and the champions notified. The people collected at what they thought the first twenty miles of the Durham road, to see them pass. First came Yates, stepping as light as a feather, accompanied by T. Penn and attendants on horse back. After him, but out of sight, came Jennings with a strong, steady step; and not far behind, Edward Marshall, apparently careless, swinging a hatchet in his hand, and eating a dry biscuit. Bets ran in favor of Yates. Marshall took biscuits to support his stomach, and carried a hatchet to swing in his hands alternately, that the action in his arms should balance that in his legs, as he was fully determined to beat the others, or die in the attempt. He said he first saw Yates in descending Durham Creek, and gained on him. There he saw Yates sitting on a log, very tired; presently he fell off and gave up the walk. Marshall kept on, and before he reached the Lehigh, overtook and passed Jennings—waded the river at Bethlehem—hurried on faster and faster by where Nazareth stands, to the Wind Gap.

That was as far as the path had been marked for them to walk on, and there was a collection of people waiting to see if any of the three would reach it by sunset. He only halted for the surveyor to give him a pocket compass, and started again. Three Indian runners were sent after him to see if he walked it fair, and how far he went. He then passed to the right of Pocono Mountain, the Indians finding it difficult to keep him in sight, till he reached Still Water; and he would have gone a few miles further but for the water. There he marked a tree, witnessed by the three Indians. The distance he walked between sun and sun, not being on a straight line, and about thirty miles of it through the woods, was estimated to be from one hundred and ten to one hundred and twenty miles. He thus won the great prize, which was five hundred pounds in money, and five hundred acres of land anywhere in the purchase.

James Yates, who led the way for the first thirty miles or more, was quite blind when taken out of Durham Creek, and lived but three days afterwards. Solomon Jennings survived but a few years. Edward Marshall lived and died on Marshall's Island in the Delaware river. He arrived at about ninety years of age. He was a great hunter, and it is said he discovered a rich silver mine, which rendered him and his family connexions affluent: but he never disclosed where it was, and it continues unknown to this day.

The Upas Tree.

It is one of the curious facts in the history of delusions, that even scientific men once had an unquestioning faith in the deadly influence of the Upas tree on all living things within its range. Dr. Foersch an eminent surgeon in the service of the East India Company, first described the tree and its destructive powers in "Pennock's Outlines of the Globe," published at the close of the last century. As he gave the account from his own observation, it seemed entitled to greater weight. He said: "I saw it myself, the sole individual of its species, standing alone, in a scene of solitary horror, in the middle of a naked, blasted plain, surrounded by a circle of mountains, the whole area which is covered with the skeletons of birds, beasts and men. Not a vestige of vegetable life is to be seen within the contaminated atmosphere, and even the fishes die in the water."

Mr. Darwin, the distinguished botanist, accepted the theory as a scientific fact, and, in his "Botanic Garden," exercised a little poetic license, making the miasma penetrate over *ten leagues square*, and destroy alike the eagle in the air or the lion on the plain.

A more careful investigation of the facts has found the tree to be perfectly harmless, and that the destructive power is due alone to the fumes of sulphate and carbonic gas coming from volcanic openings in this region. There is a famous "Valley of Poison," at the foot of the volcanic Papandaging, in Java, where scientific travelers have found a great number of dead animals of various kinds, as dogs, cats, tigers, rhinoceroses, squirrels, birds and snakes. The soft parts of the animals, as the skin, and muscles, and hair, and feathers, are preserved, while the bones crumble and disappear. No living thing is found in the vicinity save the Upas tree; and it is not unsurprising that superstitious notions of its malarious power should have been widespread. But the true cause of death in this case is very obvious, as there are many crevices and openings in the side of the mountains, from which carbonic acid gas and sulphurous fumes are emitted in great quantities. It was by such emissions that the elder Pliny and his companions were suffocated, at the time of the destruction of Herculaneum, though they were miles away from Vesuvius.

A HEAVY FAMILY.—An elderly gentleman died not long since in Pike county, Pa., who weighed six hundred and eleven pounds in his shroud. The doctor estimated that he had lost full ten pounds daily during his sickness, and he was sick seven days. His three sons, who have succeeded to the management of the hotel or rather tavern, which he kept, during his lifetime, weigh over eleven hundred pounds.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

DO YOU HEAR THAT, FIREMEN?

AND ARE YOU PREPARED TO

OBEY THE SUMMONS!

This you are not, unless you have been to

Wolff's Clothing Store,

and have bought one of those superb

FIREMAN'S COATS,

to keep you warm and dry. WOLFF makes them at from $18 to $20, and any other garment you want you can have made to order at short notice.

☞NO FIT, NO CHARGE!☜

Mr. WOLFF has just returned from the East, and his READY MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

now contains the largest assortment, the most varied assortment, and altogether the most pleasing assortment of

WINTER GARMENTS FOR MEN & BOYS

EVER DISPLAYED IN ALTOONA.

☞OVERCOATS, from the lowest priced Cassimere to the finest Beaver—all sizes.

☞Full Suits of Clothing at from $9 to $30. Pants from $1 50 to $9. Vests from 75 cents to $5. Also, a general variety of

NOTIONS & FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

UMBRELLAS, SATCHELS, TRUNKS, &c.

☞In the LADIES' DEPARTMENT will be found a full stock of FURS, from the lowest priced Collar to the finest Muff and Sable.

GODFREY WOLFF,

Next door to the Post Office Altoona City.

THOMAS CARLAND,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

GROCERIES & QUEENSWARE,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,

FISH, SALT, SUGAR CURED MEATS,

BACON, FLOUR,

FEED AND PROVISIONS,

NO. 136 VIRGINIA STREET,

Between Julia and Caroline, - ALTOONA

All such goods as Spices, Brushes, Wood and Willow Ware, Shoe Blacking and Stationery will be sold from manufacturer's printed price lists, and all other goods in my line at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati and Pittsburgh current prices. To dealers I present the peculiar advantage of saving them all freight and drayage, as they are not required to pay freights from the principal cities and no drayage charges are made. Dealers may rest assured that my goods are of the best quality and my prices as moderate as city rates. By doing a fair, upright business, and by promptly and satisfactorily filling all orders, I hope to merit the patronage of retail dealers and others in Cambria county and elsewhere. Orders respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. THOMAS CARLAND.

Altoona, July 29, 1869. tf.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, ... JAS. B. ZAHM.

ZAHM & SON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES

Usually Kept In a Country Store.

WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS!

STORE ON MAIN STREET,

Next Door to the Post Office,

June 10, 1869. EBENSBURG, PA.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Al. Fi. Fa. P. Vend. Exponi. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on WEDNESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following Real Estate, to wit: All the right, title and interest of Wm. K. Carr, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Martin Ward, Edward Leach, Patrick Riley, Dr. Wm. Glentworth, and others, containing 105 Acres, more or less, about 75 Acres of which are cleared—now in the occupancy of Wm. K. Carr. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Mrs. Levinia Brown, now for use of Robert L. Johnston, Esq.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 3, 1870. 3t

NOTICE IN PARTITION. To Thomas Roberts, whose whereabouts is unknown, and Robert Roberts, late of New Orleans, heirs and legal representatives of Owen Roberts, late of Cambria township, Cambria county, deceased: Take notice that an Inquest will be held at the late residence of the deceased, in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, on SATURDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, at 1 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same—at which time and place you are required to attend if you think proper.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 3, 1870.4t.

CAUTION.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way interfering with the following described property, recently owned by Henry Luther, as I bought and paid for said articles with my own money on the 14th of January, 1870, to wit: 1 dark red Cow, 1 light red Cow, 1 Spring Colt, 5 head of Sheep, 1 wearing Calf, 3 Beds and Bedding, 1 Cook Stove, 1 Coal Stove, 1 Kitchen Cupboard, 1 table, 1 Doughtray, 10 Chairs, 2 Rocking Chairs, 1 Bureau, a lot of Carpet on the floor, and Hay and Oats Straw in the barn. MRS. ANN LUTHER.

Carroll Twp., Feb. 4, 1870. 3t*

R. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.* Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa.

October 17, 1867.-6m.*

Receipts and Expenditures

OF CAMBRIA COUNTY,

From the 20th Day of January, A. D. 1869, to the 28th Day of January, A. D. 1870.

Dr. JOHN COX, Treasurer of Cambria County, Cr.

1869.		1869.	
To amount in Treasurer's hands at last settlement	$ 5 586 48	By amount paid Assessors	$ 741 50
To amount of County Tax received from Collectors for 1869 and for previous years	43 752 44	By amount paid Assessm't Books and Jail Bonds	181 00
To amount of Poor Tax do do do.	14,273 75	By amount paid Auditors, County and State	270 00
" " Relief " 1865 do.	13 49	By amount paid Bounty	95 34
" " Military " 1869 do.	875 57	By amount paid Borough	10 76
" " County Tax on Seated and Unseated Lands	102 43	By amount paid Bridges	150 00
To amount of Poor Tax do do do.	56 22	By amount paid Commissioners—John Campbell, bal. for 1866 7 ..... $70 00	
" " Road " do do do.	77 88	John A. Kennedy, bal. for 1868 9 ..... 855 00	
" " School " do do do.	219 10	M M'Namara, do do 795 00	
" " Borough " do do do.	2 95	Jno. Ferguson, do do. 828 00	
" " Bounty " do do do.	50	James E. Neason 80 00	3 258 00
" " Redemption of Lands	396 94	By amount paid Commiss'rs Clerk	535 00
" " received from the following miscellaneous sources:		By amount paid Comm'rs Counsel	240 00
From B. M'Dermitt, late Treas'r.	787 01	By amount paid Constables	927 76
" F. P. Tierney, late Commissioners' Council	198 90	By amount paid Court Crier	126 00
" Jas. Gallagher, Taxes exon'd	5 21	By amount paid Court House	357 59
" Geo. M. Reade, for 1½ yds of Matting	1 65	By amount paid Criminal Prose'ns	2,858 53
" Peter M Dermott in Com'th vs. Barrett	20 06	By amount paid District Court	2 300 50
" Jacob Wertz, Taxes exon'd	2 0	By amount paid Elections	1,814 38
" Sam'l Hevrin, Hyde Mat'ng	12 32	By amount paid Fox Scalps	191 30
" Wm H. Seelker in Com vs. John Pringle	96 56	By amount paid Fuel	253 45
" Wm H. Seelker in Com vs. Mary Jane Slick	18 51	By amount paid Inquisitions	477 87
" Same in Com vs. Barnett	5 00	By amount paid Janitor	215 00
" Same in Com. vs. Barnett	3 00	By amount paid Jail and Jailor	1,114 41
" Same in Com vs. M Erne	16 05	By amount paid Jurors (Traverse)	2,732 45
" Ellis Crissman, Tax's ex'd	13 51	By amount paid Jurors (Tales)	26 66
" Jos Gantner, Taxes exon'd	75	By amount paid Jurors (Grand)	720 06
" Jerome Dawson " "	75	By amount paid Jury Commiss'rs and Clerk	99 35
" R B Gregeby Com. vs Barnett	20 00	By amount paid Militia	731 13
" H J Roberts, " Hornick	12 00	By amount paid Miscellaneous	204 90
" J. F. Barnes, costs jury fees,	42 48	By amount paid New Prison	675 10
" Elisha Plummer, in Com'th vs. James Fowler	70,00	By amount paid Pho nix Reporter	190 00
" E. Tierney in Nos. 5 and 14 March Sessions 1869	14 00	By amount paid Postage	16 93
" Proth'y Hite costs jury fees,	130 73	By amount paid Poor House	14 000 00
" Joseph Burkline, in Commonwealth vs. Barnett	50 00	By amount paid P. H. Directors	500 00
" Jno Keating, in No. 14 June Sessions, '68	27 00	By amount paid Printing	464 75
" J Hornick, Com. vs Hornick	27 22	By amount paid Probates	1 2 15
" Jos Hogue, Taxes ex m'd	1 25	By amount paid Proth'y and Clerk Quarter Sessions	813 27
" Jno Kinney, Com. vs Kinney	19 51	By amount paid Red'm'n of Lands	213 94
" Elizabeth Hershberger, Tax ex'd ex'cuted	2 15	By amount paid standing Orders	97 84
" John A Blair costs in Commonwealth cases	36 00	By amount paid Road Damages	796 00
" John A. Blair jury fee and fine in Dis. tric Court	54 00	By amount paid Road and Bridge Views	241 50
" Am't Exonerations allowed Collectors on County Tax	1 519 43	By amount paid Records Proth'y and Recorder's Offices	113 65
" Am't Commissions do. do	904 59	By amount paid Registry	755 58
" Am't Exon's do. Poor Tax	1 018 45	By amount paid Stationery	36 25
" Am't Com'ns ions do. do.	359 54	By amount paid State Debt Directory	247 00
" Am't Exon's do Mil'y do.	241 00	By amount paid Sheriff	113 25
" Am't Commissions do. do.	68 17	By amount paid School Treasurers	3 748 98
		By amount paid Surveyors	1 989 74
		By amount paid Teachers' Institute	25 50
		By amount paid Tipstaves	85 00
		By amount paid Western Penit'ry	602 50
		By amount paid Wild Cat Scalps	18 05
		By Commissions to Collectors on County, Poor and Military	1,441 91
		By Exonerations to Collectors on Co., Poor and Military Taxes	2,778 94
		By Commission on $45,358.36, at 3½ per cent	1,587 54
		By balance in Treasurer's hands	159 76
Total	$51 326 54	Total	$51 326 64

RECEIVED, *Ebensburg, January 21st, 1870, of* JOHN COX, *late Treasurer One Hundred and Fifty Nine Dollars and Seventy-Six Cents* ($159.76), *being in full of amount in his hands, as per Auditors' settlement.* *WM. LINTON, Treasurer.*

AMOUNT DUE CAMBRIA COUNTY.

FROM JUDGMENTS.			
Theo. Barnett and R. B. Gageby	No. 10 March Term, '65 E. D. Bal. of Debt ..... $150 Interest to Jan. 20 1870, and Costs 9 02	Debt 67 00	$13 92
John Kinney	Int. from Dec 13, 1869, and Costs	7 87	74 97
Magdalena Trinkley, Debt and Costs			71 40
Total			$139 59

MISCELLANEOUS.	
R. P. Linton, late Sheriff	$ 19 85
B. McDermitt, late Treasurer	479 46
Total	$449 31

OUTSTANDING DEBTS DUE FROM COLLECTORS

FOR THE YEAR 1869 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

		Co. Tax.	Poor.	State.	Military.	Relief.
1864	Wm. M'Dermitt, Washington Twp.,	$ 3 59				
1865.	Henry Lloyd, Susquehanna Twp.,		25 66			38 07
1868	Francis Cooper, Chest Springs Bor.,				63	
"	Joseph Gantner, Carroll Twp.,		33 71			
"	George W. Oatman, Ebensburg Bor.,	325 53	229 10			
"	Wm Flattery, Johnstown Borough,		21 46			
"	George Elder, Loretto Borough,		92		35	
1869.	John Oske, Allegheny Township,	494 47	280 88			
"	John B. Ross, Blacklick Township,	141 74	145 67	30 82	12 00	
"	Morris W Jones, Cambria Township,	455 06	324 02	59 26	9 00	
"	A. J. Stultz, Carrolltown Borough,	86 05	67 99	20 68	8 50	
"	Thomas McKernan, Cambria Bor.,	275 41	205 51			
"	Henry Berne, Carroll Township,	475 07	375 87			
"	Anselm Weshland, Chest Township,	251 37	167 59			
"	Frances Cooper, Chest Springs Bor.,	107 53	71 61	18 72	8 50	
"	John Durbin, Clearfield Township,	585 17	414 31			
"	E. Glass, Ebensburg Borough,	190 58	378 74			
"	Benj Kerr, East Conemaugh Bor.,		49 43			
"	John Borabaugh, Cresle Township,	83 71	98 59			
"	F. J. Parrish, Gallitzin Township,	197 77	158 40			
"	William Gillin, Jackson Township,	337 77	227 10			
"	John Flanagan, Johnstown Borough,	1 054 29	959 35			
"	George Elder, Loretto Borough,	116 23	77 74	19 50	1 75	
"	Patrick Rodgers, Millville Borough,		11 50			
"	Joseph Noel, Munster Township,	21 92	20 04			
"	Michael M'Gee, Prospect Borough,	15 17	27 88			
"	Moses Kring, Richland Township,	460 68	347 76			
"	David Shaffer, Summerhill Twp.,	271 23	185 71			
"	John Pearce, Susquehanna Twp.,	218 89	224 49	43 93	39 50	
"	John S. Snyder, Taylor Township,	119 09	165 50			
"	Michael Brawley, Washington Twp.,	231 96	279 97	176 28		
"	Samuel Aikens, White Township,	382 14	241 12	60 34	21 50	
"	George Wendroth, Wilmore Bor.,	96 89	93 67	15 69	2 50	
"	Elias Crissman, Yoder Township,			32 55	5 00	
Totals		$7 150 11	6 014 31	477 85	109 28	38 07

Liabilities and Assets of the County.

LIABILITIES	
Outstanding Orders in favor of Poor House	$ 3 000 00
" Individuals	285 01
Amount due District Court	1 131 55
" " Roads and Schools	458 38
" " Sheriff	186 36
Balance in favor of County	8 820 88
Total	$14 063 11

ASSETS.	
Amount due from Judgments	$ 120 39
" " " Collectors	13 272 65
" " " Miscellan's	400 91
" in Treasurer's hands	159 76
Total	$14 063 11

AMOUNT of Road, School, Borough and Bounty Taxes due the several Districts on Seated and Unseated Lands:

	Road.	Sch'l.	Bor.	B'ty
Blacklick Twp.,	$ 8 45	20 05		
Chest Township,	22 98	68 22		
Conemaugh Tp.,	50	45		
Conemaugh Bor.,		1 00	25	50
Gallitzin Twp.,	1 05	2 53		
Jackson Twp.,	4 00	18 00		
Prospect Boro.,		3 60	2 00	
Munster Twp.,		2 70		
Summerhill Tp.,		18 32		
Taylor Twp.,	8 20	10 31		
Washington Tp.,		23 49		
White Township,	32 70	54 34		

GIVEN UNDER OUR HANDS *at Ebensburg this 28th day of January, A. D.* 1870.

JOHN A. KENNEDY,
MAURICE M'NAMARA, } Commissioners.
JAMES E. NEASON,

Attest—T. J. GLASS, Clerk.

WE, *the undersigned Auditors of Cambria County, respectfully report that we have carefully examined the accounts and vouchers of Receipts and Expenditures of the said County Commissioners from the 20th day of January, 1869 to the 28th day of January, 1870 and find them to be correct, as is also the foregoing Statement of the Liabilities and Assets of said County.* WITNESS OUR HANDS, at the Commissioners' Office, this 28th day of January, A. D. 1870.

E. D. EVANS,
JAMES NULL, } Auditors.
ANTHONY ANNA.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF LAND.—Having procured a perfect list of all warrantee names, dates of warrants, and of the payment of the purchase money and the names of the persons paying the same, with a complete Map showing the location of each tract of land in Cambria county, I am prepared to procure Patents from the Land Office for the owners of Unpatented Lands, under the Act of Assembly of the 23th of May, 1864 and the supplement thereto, as required by the recent order of the Surveyor General.

Dec. 2, 1869. 3m. GEO. M. READE.

REAL ESTATE AND SAW MILL FOR SALE!—We have for sale a tract of land situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, containing about THREE ACRES having thereon a Steam Saw Mill, a Shingle Machine, a Blacksmith Shop, (with necessary Tools,) and two Dwelling Houses.

ALSO, FIFTY ACRES OF GOOD OAK TIMBER LAND in the same township. Pine Timber adjoining can be bought at low rates.

☞Terms moderate and accommodating.—Apply to SHOEMAKER & OATMAN.

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1869. tf.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES of the District Court of Cambria County, from the 5th day of July, 1869, to the 25th day of January, 1870, inclusive:

JOHN A. BLAIR, SHERIFF, AND TREASURER OF SAID COURT,

DR.

1869.	
To amount received from John Cox, Treasurer of Cambria County	$2,300 00
To amount received from Fines and Jury Fees in District Court	51 00
To amount received from Commonwealth vs. Bostard	5 00
	$2,356 00
By balance in favor of Sheriff	213 68
Total	$2,569 68

CR.

1869.		
By amount paid Traverse Jurors	$643 25	
" " " Talismen	13 50	
" " " Grand Jurors	241 34	
" " " Criminal Pros'ns	690 33	
" " " Constables	105 ...	
" " " Court Crier	26 ...	
" " " Tipstaves	10 50	
" " " Prothonotary	168 79	
" " " Printing	11 ...	
" " " Boarding Prisoners	20 40	
" " " Election	19 40	
" " " Jury Com'rs Clerk	17 50	
" " " Roads and New Pp	58 ...	
" " " Furniture, Records, Seals and Organization of Court	277 14	
By amount paid J. A. Blair, Sh'ff, of Fines and Jury Fees paid to County Treasurer	136 15	
	51 ...	
By commission on $2,519.39	50 38	
Total	$2,569 68	
Liabilities	$1381 93	

WE, the undersigned Auditors of Cambria County, do respectfully report that we have examined the accounts and vouchers of Receipts and Expenditures of the District Court of Cambria County, from the 5th day of July, 1869, to the 25th day of January, 1870, inclusive, and find them to be correct, as is also the foregoing Statement of the Liabilities of said Court.

WITNESS OUR HANDS, at Johnstown, this 25th day of January, A. D. 1870.

E. D. EVANS,
JAMES NULL, } Auditors.
ANTHONY ANNA

WE (the Auditors above named) do respectfully ask that a change be made in the manner of disbursing the funds in the District Court, as the present condition of the same is such as to render it almost impossible to audit the accounts of said Court. We would recommend that the system of granting orders be adopted—the orders to be granted by the Commissioners and paid by the Sheriff.

GEORGE W. OATMAN, Treasurer, In account with THE DIRECTORS OF THE POOR & HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT OF CAMBRIA CO.

DR.

Jan. 22. To County Orders on hand at last settlement	$1,000	
To orders issued for the year 1869	16,000 00	
To fines rec'd. from I. Rutledge in Com. vs. ——,	25 00	
To fines rec'd. from Samuel Craig in Com. vs. J. T. Storm,	1 34	
To fines rec'd. from same in Com. vs. P. Clonar,	67	
	17,027 01	

CR.

By amt. paid on indebtedness prior to 1869	$3,190 17	
By bal. last act, in favor of Treasurer	67 78	
BEE—Evan Griffith,	10 85	
Lewis Rodgers,	415 69	
Ignatius Biter,	29 84	455 88
BEEF & BUTTER—Jos. Gutwalt,	115 60	
Lewis A. Craver,	43 42	158 42
BEEF & PORK—Joseph Hogue,	69 28	
Michael Cooper,	139 41	208 69
BEANS—James M'Dunn	15 12	15 12
BLACKSMITHING—Benjamin Williams,	87 16	
William Jones,	35 40	122 46
BOOTS & SHOES—John D. Thomas,	109 19	109 19
CARDING—Jones & Yenner,	6 91	6 91
COAL—E. E. Evans,	4 95	
Henry Stellers,	45	
E. J. Humphreys,	181 85	
John Ferguson,	4 20	
Dan. J. Parkes,	1 44	192 89
CIDER—Edward Griffith,	6 60	6 60
CLOTHING—Jas. J. Murphy,	101 10	101 10
COFFINS—John Bloch	45 00	
D. W. Jones,	34 50	82 50
CONSTABLES—A. B. Davis,	55 85	
J. C. Riffle,	16 60	
John Trefts,	9 00	
Patrick Markey,	7 75	
E. James	18 15	
N. Nagle,	9 15	
Joseph Mardis,	1 00	
P. J. M'Kenzie,	3 15	
A. Parrish,	2 95	
P. Owens,	1 95	
Martin Munday,	8 70	
Jacob Nagle,	5 48	
Jerome Platt,	2 25	
James Darby,	9 25	
L. W. Shank,	19 15	170 38
CO. ORDERS ON HAND	3,000 00	3,000 00
CORN—William Kittell,	20 00	
James Driskell,	6 00	26 00
DRUGS—C. T. Frazer,	12 33	12 33
FURNITURE—J. Bloch,	107 00	107 00
FREIGHT—P. R. R. Co.,	116 35	116 53
FARMERS—D. O'Herro,	129 00	
T. W. Shoemaker,	64 80	
Vincent G. Platt,	112 00	
Charles Kane,	20 00	
John Kane,	50 00	
Peter Cooper,	31 50	
Francis Westmiller,	35 75	443 05
FENCING—Geo. & Scott Williams,	87 00	87 00
FLOUR—Shoemaker & Beck,	729 93	729 93
GROCERIES—J. & J. Kelley,	114 75	
Gillespie, Zeller & Co.	561 66	
M. L. Oatman,	195 18	
R. H. Tudor,	19 85	
C. O'Neill,	3 45	894 89
GRAIN—Michael Driskell,	18 75	
Knable & Griffiths,	23 25	
James Kane,	50 00	
T. W. Shoemaker,	181 50	
John Davis,	20 00	293 50
GRAVE—Owen M'Cabe,	2 00	20 0
HARDWARE—Geo. Huntley,	221 11	
Thomas Williams,	69 90	
Convery, Vinroe & Co.	32 00	323 01
HARNESS—J. A. Blair,	16 00	16 00
HAY—W. C. M'Mullen,	105 60	
Charles Bradley,	60 00	165 60
INSURANCE—J. E. Roberts,	18 00	18 00
INTEREST—E. Francis,	60	
Charles M'Coy,	18 00	
James J. Kaylor,	141 42	
Abel Lloyd,	15 00	
Dennis Brawley,	3 60	
M. Driskell,	6 40	
Lloyd & Co.,	10 71	
John Geis,	43 73	239 46
JUSTICE FEES—Joseph W. Pringle,	50	
William Flattery,	30 45	
Irwin Rutledge,	37 50	
H. Kinkead,	6 00	
James Condon,	2 60	
John Sharbaugh,	1 50	78 45
LIME—Abel Lloyd,	515 50	515 50
LUMBER—Wm. D. Pryce & Son,	192 00	
A. A. Barker & Son,	122 13	314 13
MERCHANDISE — Bush, Bunn & Co.,	127 65	
Geis & Foster,	123 16	
R. R. Davis,	5 20	
E. Roberts,	38 97	
H. A. Shoemaker,	213 62	
E. D. Evans & Co.,	6 35	512 95
POSTS—Shoemaker & Bro.	90 82	
T. W. Shoemaker,	40 00	130 82
PRINTING—H. A. M'Pike,	2 00	
James M. Swank,	2 00	
J. T. Hutchinson,	2 00	6 00
PRODUCE—Mrs. Margaret Brady,	6 00	6 00
PLASTERING — Morgan Hughes,	20 00	20 00
PAID THE FOLLOWING persons for necessaries furnished outdoor paupers:		
Jacob Weidman,	6 25	
Barbara Bartram,	34 00	
Charles Heltrick,	2 25	
Cyrus Hart,	7 20	
Henry Walters,	247 69	
James M. Singer,	33 59	
William M'Pherson,	216 50	
Isaac Wissinger,	40 18	
William Linton,	43 50	
Lemmon & Murray,	2 50	
Christian Snyder,	148 20	
Michael Stephens,	39 00	
Jane Jones,	13 00	
E. R. Dunnegan,	41 50	
John D. Thomas,	133 05	
John Schriver,	15 00	
Davis & Lewis,	34 00	
Elizabeth Weaver,	50 00	
William J. Koontz	30 00	
John Brady,	8 00	
Joseph Shoemaker,	51 15	
Casper Shaffer,	17 00	
Susan Parker,	12 00	
George W. Empfield,	8 25	
Elizabeth Myers,	3 00	
Jennie Wilson,	17 00	
Owen Sweeny,	8 35	
Joseph Bojohn,	10 00	
Peter Malzie,	42 00	
Bolt & Criger,	5 75	
John Frank,	2 50	
James Kirly,	10 00	
John Harris,	3 10	
Joseph Allwine,	13 00	
John Bloch,	10 00	
Thomas Platt,	6 00	1,351 61
POTATOES—Jas. Kane,	54 84	
Henry O'Harro,	50 00	
Samuel Shoemaker,	145 00	
Mrs. E. Shoemaker,	25 00	254 84
PORK—Con. O'Neill,	29 25	
T. W. Shoemaker,	39 62	68 87
PROFESSIONAL SER.—Shoemaker & Oatman,	35 65	35 65
RELIEF O. D. P. M. D. A.,		
Dr. R. S. Bunn,	125 00	
Dr. D. W. Evans,	24 00	
Dr. Chestnutwood,	50 00	199 00
REPAIRING—M. Humphreys,	27 75	
Thomas D. Davis,	24 00	
Evan E. Evans,	24 00	
William Williams,	3 00	
S. Fry,	8 95	
Morgan Hughes,	39 00	
F. A. Shoemaker,	5 00	131 70
SADDLERY—H. A. M'Coy,	50 70	50 70
SALARY—B. M'Dermitt,	250 00	
George W. Oatman,	100 00	350 00
SERVTS—Cecelia Toad,	104 30	
Lavinia M'Dermitt,	104 00	
Rose M'Dermitt,	95 50	303 50
SOAP—Isabelle O'Neill,	10 00	
D. D. Price,	13 75	
William D. Price,	10 00	33 75
STRAW—D. D. Price,	10 00	10 00
STOCK—Isaac Bole,	140 00	
Dennis Brawley,	180 00	
T. W. Shoemaker,	380 00	
Mrs. E. Shoemaker,	40 00	720 00
STAMP ON BOND—Geo. W. Oatman,	1 00	1 00
THRESHING MACHINE, in Glass,	112 00	112 00
PAID PHILA. A. H.,	30 95	30 95
TREASURER'S RECPT., George W. Oatman,	75 00	75 00
BAL. due from late Treasurer, to close,	50 72	50 72
	$17,027 01	$17,027 01

OUTSTANDING DEBTS DUE BY POOR HOUSE prior to Jan., 1870, viz:

1858	$ 8 70
1859	6 50
1860	8 50
1861	48 28
1862	16 10
1863	85 70
1864	2 00
1865	1,316 97
1866	1,221 20
1867	1,296 70
1868	190 88
1869	510 89
	4,684 42

STOCK ON FARM.—3 Horses, 27 head of Cattle, 13 head of Hogs.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.—2 Wagons, 1 Sled, 1 Mowing Machine, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Hay Liter, 1 Harrow, 3 Ploughs, 1 Cart, 4 Setts Horse Gears, 1 sett Double Light Harness, 1 Buggy, 1 sett Buggy Harness, 3 Grain Cradles, 1 Threshing Machine, 1 Wind Mill.

PRODUCTS OF FARM.—150 Dozen Wheat, 135 Dozen Rye, 1,246 Dozen Oats, 40 bushels corn, 100 bushels Potatoes, 25 tons Hay.

ARTICLES ON HAND—200 bushels Potatoes, 3,597 lbs. Pork, 3,00 lbs. Beef, 4 barrels Flour, 500 lbs. Tallow, 300 lbs Lard, 30 galls. Apple Butter, 1 barrel Molasses, 120 lbs of Butter.

ARTICLES MADE IN HOUSE.—26 Shirts,